The Middletown Transcript.

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Hardware, Stoves, Tin, &c.

LINDLEY & KEMP,

—DEALERS IN—

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STOVES, TINWARE,

AND

Agricultural Implements,

AT THE

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Middletown, Delaware.

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ON MAIN STREET,

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STOVES AND HEATERS

of all descriptions. Also

Slate Mantels,

and a large assortment of

TIN WARE

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HOUSE FURNISHING Artcles.

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Promptly and neatly done.

REPAIRS

for all kinds of

STOVES

Tin Ware of every description made to order and repairing of all kinds promptly attended to.

LINDLEY & KEMP.

March 17, 1877.tf

Select Poetry.

HER TREASURES.

I keep them in the old, old box
That Willie gave me years ago,
The time we parted on the rocks;
His ship lay swinging to and fro,
At waiting in the lower bay.
I thought my heart would break that day!

The picture with the pensive eyes
Is Willie's? No, dear, that's young Blake,
Who took the West Point highest prize:
He went half crazy for my sake.
Here are a lot of rhymes he wrote,
And here's a button off his coat.

Is this the ring? My dearest May,
I never took a ring from him!
This was a gift from Howard Clay,
Just see—the pearls are getting dim.
They say that pearls are tears—what stuff!
The setting looks a little rough.

He was as handsome as a prince—
And jealous! But he went to Rome
Last fall. He's never written since.
I used to visit at his home—
A lovely place beyond Fort Lee;
His mother thought the world of me!

Oh, no! I sent his letters back.
These came to me from Washington.
But look, what a tremendous pack!
He always wrote me three for one.
I know I used to treat him ill—
Poor Jack!—he fell at Chancellorsville.

The vignettes—all that lot—are scalps
I took in London, Naples, Nice,
At Paris, and among the Alps;
Those foreign lovers act like geese.
But, dear, they are such handsome men.
We go to France next year, again!

This is the doctor's signet ring.
These faded flowers? Oh, let me see;
Why, what a very curious thing!
Who could have sent these flowers to me?
Ah! now I have it—Count de Twirl;
He married that fat Crosbie girl.

His hair was red. You need not look
So sadly at that raven tress.
You know the head that look forsook;
You know—but you could never guess!
Nor would I tell you for the world
About whose brow that ringlet curled.

Why won't I tell? Well, partly, child,
Because you like the man yourself;
But mostly because—don't get so wild!
I have not laid him on the shelf—
He's not a bygone. In a year
I'll tell you all about him, dear.

—*Scribner.*

Select Story.

RETRIBUTION.

A LEAF FROM FRENCH HISTORY.

During the campaign of 1800 the French army, destined to meet the power of Austria on the plains of Italy, before it could render itself master of Turin and of Milan, penetrate even to the walls of Genoa, and declare the terms of peace on the battle-field of Marengo, had yet to surmount that vast Alpine barrier which extends from the St. Bernard to Nice and Montenotte, and to overcome a series of tremendous obstacles, presenting themselves one after another in seemingly endless succession, and tasking to the utmost, if not defying the courage of the troops and the military genius and perseverance of the leaders. These obstacles were not merely the result of natural position; there were instances in which the resistance of the invaded was more obstinate and more terrible than that of mountains, precipices or rivers. Protected by fortifications of little strength or difficulty, and but very inefficiently aided by a locality which yielded but few means or opportunities of vigorous defence but sustained by an indomitable courage, great resource of invention and an enthusiastic love of country, infinitely more formidable than their courage and their skill, the inhabitants of the small town and citadel of Ivree, with a garrison of four thousand Austrian soldiers and twenty-five pieces of cannon, maintained their post for three days against an army of forty thousand Frenchmen, commanded by the three youngest, but already most illustrious generals in Europe—Massena, Lannes and Bernadotte.

Furious at seeing his march thus arrested before this insignificant little place, he who had taken Alexandria in a day, and Cairo in an hour, and impatient, moreover, to assume his positions for the investments of Milan, the commander-in-chief, on the 25th of May, 1800, ordered the division of General Lannes to march upon the village in all its force, and take it by assault. After three hours of sanguinary combat, of fierce attack and the most heroic defence, a handful of the defenders, driven from the citadel, retreating step by step, and hotly pursued by the victorious Frenchmen threw themselves as a last resort into the quarters of Adjutant General H., with the resolution there to maintain themselves to the last, and sell their lives as dearly as they might. In a moment the house occupied by this brave veteran was converted into a fortress—barricades were thrown up, loop-holes for musketry cut in the walls, and every disposition made that time and means afforded for a last desperate resistance.

Lannes, who was the first to enter the assaulted village detached an officer in command of two battalions, to drive the insurgents from their position. The officer, equally distinguished among his fellow soldiers for his impetuous courage and his ferocity, soon forced his way, at the head of one of his battalions, into the disputed mansion, trampling as he went upon the dead bodies of the forty brave fellows by whom it had been defended. General H., the only survivor, after beholding the slaughter of his garrison, had armed himself with a hatchet, and with almost superhuman strength and desperation opposed the entrance of the republicans; and when their leader presented himself, sword in hand, at the door of the room to which he had retreated, as his last stand of defence, the old General aimed at his head a furious blow, which would have closed his career at once and forever, had it not been skillfully parried by the sabre of the Frenchman. It was the last effort of the wounded and weary veteran; he fell, and in another moment the apartment was filled with republicans.

The Frenchman, who was never known to yield quarter to a vanquished enemy in the fifteen years of his wedded life, stepped forward to dispatch the fallen General, when a young and lovely woman rushed from an adjoining room, threw herself at his feet, and kneeling there, pale, distracted, the tears streaming from her eyes, shrieked forth in a voice of terror and despair.

"Spare him—oh, spare him—do not take his life—he is my husband—the father of my child."

The Frenchman glanced for a moment at the suppliant with an eye in which there was no trace of either anger or pity—and then, deliberately pushing her aside, he made a step in advance, took a cool and steady aim with his pistol at the wounded officer, and shot him through the heart.

The wife of the murdered man uttered a fearful scream, and starting to her feet and flying to the room whence she had come, returned in a moment with her boy, who, at the sight of his father's massacre, had hidden himself, pale and trembling under the bed; she held him up to the ferocious republican, and exclaimed:

"Monster! you have slain the father—complete your work and destroy the son."

At this moment loud shouts were heard, and a French General, surrounded by a crowd of officers, appeared at the door of the apartment. The scene was dramatic—a perfect coup de theatre. The heart of the ferocious soldier failed him; pallor overspread his features, and his limbs shook, while Madam H., as if by a sudden impulse, flung herself at the feet of the General, with a single cry for "vengeance!"

The General raised her kindly and respectfully, demanding at the same moment an explanation of the scene before him. There was but little need for words; the objects upon which he gazed bore to his mind the accusation of his subordinate; that disfigured corpse—that female upon whose lineaments were stamped horror and despair—that feeble child, with his pallid cheeks and his eyes streaming with tears, calling upon his father, who answered not.

The General perceived at once that there was no fact to be ascertained, no excuse to be admitted. His eyes flashed fire, and striking his glove forcibly upon the palm of his left hand, he turned abruptly, and with a lowering brow, to the assassin who stood before him speechless and trembling, and exclaimed:

"Sir, you are a coward and a savage! What! murder in cold blood an unarmed man—defenceless—a veteran—before the eyes of his wife, imploring mercy! It is the act of a fiend!"

"But, General," muttered the criminal, with a hesitating voice, the voice of one who feels he is lost.

"Be silent, sir," interrupted the General, "I listen to no excuses—I admit of no defence. You are unworthy to serve the republic. Give me up your sword, your epaulettes. From this moment you are dismissed from the brigade you have disgraced, from the army upon which you are a stain."

The Major raised his head with a fierce, proud look.

"General," he said, but with a voice that betrayed his emotion, "I surrender my sword, but I demand a trial by my comrades."

"You shall have it, sir, and within the hour."

Then turning to the officers who had accompanied him to the spot, and reverently baring his head before the body of the victim, he said to them:

"Unite with me, gentlemen, in rendering tribute of respect to unfortunate courage—to a brave and fallen enemy."

The remainder of that dreadful day was passed by Madame H., in the bitterness of grief. After witnessing the interment of her husband with military honors, this unhappy woman, who had lost, in a single moment, and under circumstances of such peculiar horror, all that made life dear to her, except her boy, sank into a lethargy of sorrow—an abandonment to wretchedness. While she had a murdered husband to avenge, a helpless child to protect and save, she had preserved her energies of mind and body; but now when the assassin had undergone the shame of a public degradation, and the prompt and terrible justice of a military commission impended over his head, the hapless widow could think of nothing but her loss. For her there seemed to be no longer cause of hope or fear. She was therefore more astonished than alarmed when early next morning, a French aide-de-camp waited upon her with a request from the commander-in-chief that she would repair immediately to his head-quarters at the Hotel de Ville. Without a word of inquiry or remonstrance, she arose, took her child in her arms and followed the messenger to the General.

Led to the council chamber at the moment of her arrival, Madame H. found herself surrounded by all the glories of the Republican army; by those celebrated men for whom such destinies were reserved; by whom crowns were to be won and lost, and of whom in after years, so many were to lose on battlefields, amid the intrigues of cabinets or the corruptions of a court, the honor for which they were now panting, or the lives they were now so ready to peril in its winning. There were Murat, Duroc, Lannes, Desaix, Massena, Hoche and Bernadotte; and in the midst of them the General, who, with arms folded on his breast, and his eye fixed upon the floor, walked slowly to and fro, as if in deep and painful meditation.

On the entrance of Madame H. he stopped abruptly, motioned her to be seated, and then, after gazing for a moment on the face of her child, with a gentle smile of interest and affection, resumed his walk. Madame H. began to feel alarm. This unexpected summons, this strange reception, the silence that prevailed around her, all combined, first to surprise and then to terrify her. A vague sensation of anxiety and fear oppressed her heart, and she could not command her nerves for the utterance of a single word that might call forth a solution of her doubts.

All at once the roll of a drum, at a little distance, startled her from her painful reveries. It was quickly followed by a volley of musketry, and the General, pausing in his walk, placed his hand upon her arm and led her to the window, from which she beheld in the square below the fearful spectacle of a military execution just accomplished.

"Look, madam," he said in a calm, yet impressive tone; "the man whom you see lying dead upon the ground was a French officer, whom his comrades in arms have condemned to death for the assassination of an Austrian, in a city taken by assault."

He paused for a moment, then glancing round upon the officers who stood near them, he continued:

"You are at liberty to quit Ivree this morning. General Desaix, whom I have requested to be your escort, will answer to the republic for your safety. Farewell, madam; report to the Prince Charles what you have seen of the justice maintained in the armies of the French."

This General, at that time first Consul, was afterward the Emperor Napoleon.

SERENADE TO EX-GOV. TILDEN.

THE EX-GOVERNOR MAKES A LONG ADDRESS—A SCATHING REVIEW OF THE ELECTORAL COMMISSION.

Ex-Governor Samuel J. Tilden was serenaded by the Young Men's Democratic Club, of New York, at his residence, in Gramercy Park, on Saturday evening. The occasion drew to the park an immense crowd of people, including the leading democratic politicians of New York. After Dodworth's Band had played several pieces Mr. Tilden appeared on the front steps of his residence, when Hon. Augustus Schell welcomed him to his home and introduced him to the multitude, when three times three cheers were called for and given for "President Tilden." The distinguished ex-Governor, in response, delivered a lengthy address. He began by returning thanks for the kindly welcome back to his home from Europe, which had for its object a season of physical activity in the open air, and which has repaired, as much as three months could, the waste of six years consecrated to an effort for governmental reform in the city, State and nation. Referring to the boundless means of supply possessed by this country, Mr. Tilden predicted a great increase in the consumption of our corn by Great Britain over the 60,000,000 bushels which it reached last year. Corn, he said, is but little inferior to wheat in nutritive power. It costs less than one-half on the seaboard, and much less than one-half on the farm. It can be cooked, by those who consent to learn how, into many delicious forms of human food. Mr. Tilden then cordially indorsed the administration of Gov. Robinson, as well as the New York democratic State ticket, and then spoke as follows in regard to the late presidential contest, his remarks being frequently interrupted by applause:

"The election, although for State officers, has relations to national politics to which I know you will expect me to allude. You are all quite aware of the results of the contest of 1876. [Voices: "We are sick of it;" 'We know you got robbed.'] No, I did not get robbed; the people got robbed. [Great applause.] I had, on one hand, a course of laborious service, in which health and even life might be imperiled; on the other hand I had a period of relaxation here and abroad to recuperate from the exhaustion that in your service I had incurred, but to the people it was a robbery of the dearest rights of the American citizen. The condemnation by the people of the greatest political crime in our history, by which the result of the presidential election of 1876 was set aside and reversed, is general and overwhelming. Her sister States might afford to have the voice of New York frittered away or its expression deferred. It could not change history; it could not alter the universal judgment of the civilized world; it could not avert the moral retribution that is impending. But New York herself cannot afford to have her voice unheard.

"The Declaration of Independence, the bills of right and the State constitutions all contain assertions of the right of the people to govern themselves and to change their rulers at will. These declarations had ceased to have any meaning to the American mind. They seemed to be truisms which there was nobody to dispute. The contests known to us were contests between different portions of our people.

"To comprehend the significance of these declarations, it is necessary to carry ourselves back to the examples of human experience in view of which our ancestors acted. They had seen the governmental machine and a small governmental class, sometimes with the aid of the army, able to rule arbitrarily over millions of unorganized, isolated atoms of human society. In forming the government of United States they endeavored to take every precaution against the recurrence of such evils in this country. They kept down the standing army to a nominal amount. They intended to limit the functions of the federal government so as to prevent the growth to dangerous dimensions of an office-holding class and of corrupt influences. They preserved the State governments as a counterpoise to act as centres of opinions, and as organized means of resistance to revolutionary usurpation by the federal government. Jefferson, the leader of liberal opinion, in his first inaugural recognized this theory.—Hamilton, the representative of the extreme conservative sentiment, in the Federalist expounded it with elaborate arguments. Madison, the father of the constitution, enforced these conclusions.

"The increase of power in the federal government during the last twenty years, the creation of a vast office-holding class, with its numerous dependents, and the growth of the means of corrupt influence, have well nigh destroyed the balance of our complex system. It was my judgment in 1876 that public opinion, demanding a change of administration, needed to embrace two-thirds of the people at the beginning of the canvass, in order to cast a majority of votes at the election.

"If this tendency is not arrested its inevitable result will be the practical destruction of our system. Let the federal government grasp power over the great corporations of our country and acquire the means of addressing their interests and their fears; let it take jurisdiction of riots which it is the duty of the State to suppress; let it find pretexts for increasing the army, and soon those in possession of the government will have a power with which no opposition can successfully compete. The experience of France in the Third Napoleon shows that, with elective forms and universal suffrage-despotism can be established and maintained.

"In the canvass of 1876 the federal government embarked in the contest with unscrupulous activity. A member of the cabinet was the head of a partisan committee. Agents stood at the doors of the pay offices to exact contributions from official subordinates. The whole office-holding class were made to exhaust their power. Even the army, for the first time, to the disgust of the soldiers and many of the officers, was moved about the country as an electioneering instrument. All this was done under the eye of the beneficiary of it, who was making the air vocal with professions of civil service reform, to be begun after he had himself exhausted all the immoral advantages of civil service abuses.

"Public opinion in some States was overborne by corrupt influences and by fraud. But so strong was the desire for reform that the democratic candidates received 4,300,000 suffrages. This was a majority of the popular vote of about 300,000, and of 1,250,000 of the white citizens. It was a vote 700,000 larger than Gen. Grant received in 1872, and 1,300,000 larger than he received in 1868.

"The step from an extreme degree of corrupt abuses in the elections to a subversion of the elective system itself is natural. No sooner was the election over than the whole power of the office-holding class, led by a cabinet minister, was exerted to procure, and did procure, from the State canvassers of two States illegal and fraudulent certificates, which were made a pretext for a false count of the electoral votes. To enable these officers to exercise the immoral courage necessary to the parts assigned to them, and to relieve them from the timidity which God has implanted in the human bosom as a limit to criminal audacity, detachments of the army were sent to afford them shelter.

"The expedients by which the votes of the electors chosen by the people of these two States were rejected, and the votes of the electors having the illegal and fraudulent certificates were counted, and the menace of usurpation by the President of the Senate of dictatorial power over all the questions in controversy, and the menace of the enforcement of his pretended authority by the army and navy, the terrorism of the business classes, and the kindred measures by which the false count was consummated, are known.

"The result is the establishment of a precedent destructive of our whole elective system. The temptation to those in possession of the government to perpetuate their own power by similar methods will always exist, and if the example shall be sanctioned by success the succession of government in this country will come to be determined by fraud or force, as it has been in almost every other country, and the experience will be reproduced here which has led to the general adoption of the hereditary system in order to avoid confusion and civil war.

"The magnitude of a political crime must be measured by its natural and necessary consequences. Our great republic has been the only example in the world of a regular and orderly transfer of governmental succession by the elective system. To destroy the habit of traditionary respect for the will of the people as declared through the electoral forms, and to exhibit our institutions as a failure, is the greatest possible wrong to our own country. It is also a heavy blow to the hopes of patriots struggling to establish self-government in other countries. It is a greater crime against mankind than the usurpation of December 2d, 1851, depicted by the illustrious pen of Victor Hugo. The American people will not condone it under any pretext or for any purpose.

"Young men, in the order of nature we who have guarded the sacred traditions of our free government will soon leave that work to you. Within the life of most who hear me our republic will embrace a hundred millions of people. Whether its institutions shall be preserved in substance and in spirit, as well as in barren forms, and will continue to be a blessing to the toiling millions here and a good example to mankind, now everywhere seeking a larger share in the management of their own affairs, will depend on you.

"I avail myself of the occasion to thank you and to thank all in our State and country who have accorded to me their support, not personal to myself, but for the cause I have represented, and which has embraced the largest and holiest interests of humanity."

A PICTURE OF GENERAL ZACHARY TAYLOR.—General James Shields thus describes his first interview with General Taylor: "I was sent with my brigade to report on the Rio Grande. After getting my command into camp I put on the most showy uniform I had and spent much time in rigging myself up to do honor to such an occasion as the meeting with the commander-in-chief of the army of occupation. Arrived at headquarters I inquired for General Taylor, and was shown into a tent by the orderly, who went away to announce me. Presently entered a hard-featured but still very benevolent-faced man, quite undersized, who, from his appearance, would easily have been taken for a wagoner. A great flapping straw hat crowned his head, he had no collar, a linen coat, and the coarse pantaloons he wore had no suspicion of rank about them, and his unstockinged feet were covered by common infantry shoes. While I was trying to figure out in my mind what this apparition could be he grasped my hand and heartily exclaimed, 'I'm very glad to see you here, General Shields, and will cut out some work for your command before long. And this was actually General Zachary Taylor, one of the bravest, kindest and noblest of men that ever lived."

FALSE FRIENDS.—There are friends who are friends only for the hour, friends for the noontide and the flood; they have no real rooting, as you discover if your horizon gets clouded over, and foul weather comes in place of fair; if your rushing waters run dry and your goodly vessels are stranded on the beach. These are the parasites of life, and clinging growths which twine around the stronger trees and maybe strangle them before they die.

MURDER WILL OUT.—There is a story told in English green rooms, says Celia Logan, to the effect that a certain carpenter, a long, long time ago, murdered his wife by driving a nail into her skull. He fled, and the better to conceal his identity became an actor. He rose to eminence, and the whirligig of time and the wheel of chance brought him to the very village in which, years before, he had killed his wife, whose murder, however, so the story runs—had not been suspected, her long, thick, black hair concealing the cruel wound from which no blood had flowed.

The part was Hamlet. Whatever memories the place evoked he had sufficient mastery over his feelings to keep them hidden. The first scene of the fifth act came on. The theatre stood on what had formerly been a burrying ground, and the property man had not to go far for skulls, but just dug a little and brought up a dozen or more, and at night tossed them into the trap for the grave digger to shovel on the stage. He handed a skull to the Hamlet, saying:

"Here's a skull now hath lain you in the earth for three and twenty years."

Hamlet—"Whose was it?"

Grave digger—"This same skull, sir, was Yorrick's skull, the king's jester."

Hamlet took the skull, saying:

"This—"

He turned pale and staggered, for the skull had left on it one long lock of black hair. Handed to him upside down the lock fell back, revealing a nail in the skull. The actor recognized it as that of the woman whom he had murdered just twenty-three years before. At this mute evidence of his guilt, coming from the grave to confront him, the actor lost presence of mind and his senses. In his insane utterances he revealed his terrible secret, and was only saved from punishment by his fellow actors hushing him up and hurrying him away. He never recovered his reason, and died in a mad house, raving of the nail in the skull.

A DISAPPOINTED GRANGER.—Jacob Gleason, of Herkimer County, N. Y., might have arrived in New York City a dozen times, and departed as many more, without any one beyond a hotel clerk knowing his name, if he hadn't a mission. That mission was to trade his farm for a slice of Central Park, and raise early vegetables for the market. He went up to the Park and took a look around before saying anything to anybody, as he wanted to make sure that none of it was swamp land. He made up his mind to trade his 140 acre farm for 100 acres of the Park, when he encountered one of the Park police, and remarked:

"This seems to be purty good land, but it's awfully neglected. Why don't they cut the undergrowth off, and fall plow it?"

"We'd rather keep it as it is," replied the officer.

"Well, that's a mighty poor way to farm it. I was looking round, and thought perhaps I'd trade my farm for part of this. What d'ye 'spose they'd ask an acre for the lower part?"

"Oh, thirty or forty thousand dollars."

"What! Am I a born fool?" exclaimed Jacob, of Herkimer. "I've got as nice a farm as crows ever flew over, and all I ask an acre is $55. I'd see you—I'd see you in the red sea, sir, before I'd give you $100 an acre."

"Very well; you can't have it," said the officer.

"I don't want it. I knowed I'd be imposed on, and I told 'em all before I left home, but their eternal ding. dong drove me to come! I don't want your land, sir—no sir! It's all hills and hollers and rocks, and I've met more'n a hundred people walking round as cool as if they had a hundred year lease of the whole farm."

A SLIGHT MISTAKE.—The present Archbishop of Dublin, the gifted author of the work, widely known, on the "Study of Words," is not in very robust health, and has been for many years apprehensive of paralysis. At a recent dinner in Dublin, given by the Lord Lieutenant of Ireland, His Grace sat on the right of his hostess, the Duchess of Abercorn. In the midst of the dinner the company was startled by seeing the Archbishop rise from his seat, and still more startled to hear him exclaim, in a dismal and sepulchral tone: "It has come! It has come!"

"What has come, Your Grace?" eagerly cried half a dozen voices from different parts of the table.

"What I have been expecting for twenty years," solemnly answered the Archbishop—"a stroke of paralysis. I have been pinching myself for the last twenty minutes, and find myself entirely without sensation."

"Pardon me, my dear Archbishop," said the Duchess, looking up to him with a somewhat quizzical smile; "pardon me for contradicting you, but it is I that you have been pinching."

A Comparison of Girls.

The Baltimore girl is placed in the midst of the happiest conditions for the perfect unfolding of the latent possibilities of beauty. Reared in a climate that knows neither the rigor of the North nor enervating langour of the South, she cometh up like a flower. Moreover the Baltimore girl has what Alexander Dumas called "the higher alimentation of superior beings." For upon the shores of the Chesapeake alone do the terrapin, the bay mackeral, the oyster and the canvass back duck blossom in native luxuriance.—The delicate, dainty and highly nutritious fare is needed to bring to perfection the purest types of beauties. It has frequently pained us to notice that there is a disposition among some of the western cities to hurl at each other accusations of homeliness in their women. If we may trust the Chicago press, the girls at St. Louis have large feet. It is even said that at a St. Louis wedding a derrick is necessary to throw the slipper after the bride. St. Louis retorts with the accusations that the Chicago girl has large ears. It declares in detail how a Chicago girl spreads out one for a parasol, and uses the other as a fan. It is alleged also that the Cincinnati girl has an unnecessary development of foot, and that she uses a pumpkin as a ball to darn her stockings on. These ungallant remarks are to be deplored. We concede the beauty of the girls of Cincinnati, St. Louis, Chicago and Boston, and we believe that if they were nurtured under the kindly influence of Baltimore, they would attain the highest possibilities of beauty. The Boston girl is charming. There is a flavor of the east wind in her voice, and a suggestion of codfish balls in her physique, but she is bright, intelligent, bookish, and self-reliant; she wins her way anywhere. The western girl is of exuberant health and vitality; the Southern girl has a dreamy langour and grace indescribable. But woman, beautiful everywhere in America, reaches the pinnacle of perfection only on the shores of the Chesapeake Bay. —*Baltimore Gazette.*

Tabby's Curiosity Satisfied.

The Virginia (Nev.) *Enterprise* tells this affecting story: "Charles Kaiser, who has the only hive of bees in town, says that when he first got his swarm his old cat's curiosity was much excited in regard to the doings of the little insects, the like of which she had never seen before. At first she watched their comings and goings at a distance. She then flattened herself upon the ground and crept along toward the hive, with tail horizontal and quivering. It was clearly evident that she thought the bees some new kind of game. Finally she took up a position at the entrance to the hive, and when a bee came in or started out, made a dab at it with her paws. This went on for a time without attracting the special attention of the inhabitants of the hive. Presently, however, 'old Tabby' struck and crushed a bee on the edge of the opening to the hive.—The smell of the crushed bee alarmed and enraged the whole swarm. Bees by the score poured forth and darted into the fur of the astonished cat.—Tabby rolled herself in the grass, spitting, sputtering, biting, clawing, and squalling as a cat never squalled before. She appeared a mere ball of fur and bees as she rolled and tumbled about. She was at length hauled away from the hive with a garden rake, at the cost of several severe stings to her rescuer. Even after she had been taken to a distant part of the grounds the bees stuck in Tabby's fur and about once in two minutes she would utter an unearthly 'yowl' and bounce a full yard in the air. On coming down she would try to scratch an ear, when a sting on the back would cause her to turn a succession of back somersaults and give vent to a running fire of squalls. Like the parrot that was left alone with the monkey, old Tabby had a dreadful time. Two or three days after this adventure Tabby was caught by her owner, who took her by the neck and three her down by the bee-hive. No sooner did she strike the ground than she gave a fearful squall, and at a single bound reached the top of a fence full six feet in height. Thence she clung for a moment, with tail as big as a rolling-pin, when with another bound and squall she was out of sight and did not again put in an appearance for over a week.

WHAT MAKES MEN.—It is not the best things—that is, the things which we call the best—that makes men; it is not the pleasant things; it is not the calm experiences of life; it is life rugged experiences, its tempests, its trials. The discipline of life is here good and there evil, here trouble and there joy, here rudeness and there smoothness—one working with the other; and the alternations of the one and the other which necessitates adaptations, constitute that part of the education which makes man a man, in distinction from an animal, which has no education. The successful man invariably bears marks of the struggles which he has had to undergo on his brow.

The Middletown Transcript.

W. SCOTT WAY, EDITOR.

MIDDLETOWN, DEL.

SATURDAY MORNING, NOV. 3, 1877.

NOTICE.

I have this day sold and transferred to MR. W. SCOTT WAY all my right, title and interest in and to the MIDDLETOWN TRANSCRIPT, and the paper will hereafter be under his control and management.

EDWARD REYNOLDS.

November 1st, 1877.

VALEDICTORY.

WITH this issue my connection with the MIDDLETOWN TRANSCRIPT ceases. I assumed control of it a little over five years ago, and during the time that it has been in my possession I have experienced much of the pleasure as well as a share of the annoyance which attends upon the life of an editor. Associations have been formed and incidents have occurred that will cause the time that I spent in the TRANSCRIPT office to be ever remembered with feelings of satisfaction, and though that time has not been all sunshine, but I have had my clouds, and "ups and downs" like all others, yet, on the whole, my experience as a journalist has been rather pleasant than otherwise. I have received, perhaps, as little annoyance from the people among whom my paper circulated as usually falls to the lot of publishers, and as any one has a right to expect, of all of which I take this opportunity to make due acknowledgements.

In conducting the TRANSCRIPT I have at all times aimed to pursue an impartial course, and to denounce wrong and commend right wherever found. I have not attempted to pursue the exceedingly dubious and unsatisfactory course of trying to please everyone, but have endeavored to do what I believed to be right, and if, in doing this, I have given offense to sensitive individuals to whom the expression of my views was distasteful, I have only to say that it was not my *intention* to offend, and, knowing that my aim was to do right as I saw it, I do not regret my course.

In politics I have always tried to act and write with as much moderation as circumstances would permit. I have done what I could to maintain the principles of the democratic party because I believe them to be the correct ideas of the nature of our national constitution and government. But I have never suffered my paper to be the organ of any ring or clique, nor permitted dictation from any self-considered party leaders. In this respect I think the files of the paper will show that I have acted as independently as any other publisher in the State.

It is now almost eleven years since Henry Vanderford, Esq., established the TRANSCRIPT. The enterprise was then regarded as an unpropitious one, for but few persons believed that it would succeed and many predicted that it would soon fail. Contrary to those predictions and gloomy prognostications it has grown and flourished from the beginning until the present time until it has become a firmly established institution which the town and vicinity could illy spare. People too often fail to realize and appreciate the value of a local paper until they have had and lost one; and right here I would like to say to my readers that I believe they will materially consult their own interest by giving the TRANSCRIPT a generous support. It offers to them advantages and facilities, both as an advertising medium and as a chronicler of local events, which no other paper can give, while the printing office attached to it furnishes accommodations of which the loss would be badly felt. Of all of these advantages, I am pleased to say, our people have not been slow to avail themselves during the time the office has been under my control, and I cordially recommend them to continue their patronage to it under the new management and give it as liberal a support as they conveniently can.

I acknowledge with pleasure the interchange of courtesies and the kind treatment I have ever received at the hands of my cotemporaries whose journals have appeared as regular and welcome visitants upon my exchange table, and extend to them my most cordial wishes for success and prosperity. I shall part with them with regret.

Now, friends, permit me to introduce to you my worthy successor, Mr. W Scott Way, who, though perhaps a stranger to many of you, is well known in Cecil county, Maryland, of which he has been long a resident. He comes with a high recommendation for probity and journalistic ability, and will, doubtless, be able to give much greater satisfaction to the friends of the TRANSCRIPT than I have been able to. Adieu.

E. REYNOLDS.

SALUTATORY.

With this issue of the TRANSCRIPT we modestly come before its readers as editor and proprietor, and as we are entering a field which will be somewhat new to us—a field, by-the-way, where neither smooth traveling nor abundant pasture can be always found—it will not be well for us to promise too much for fear we may do too little.

Suffice it to say, it will be our constant aim to keep this paper up to the high standard of usefulness which it has attained under the management of its former talented proprietor, and we shall always labor diligently to make it in the future what it has been in the past, a welcome and interesting visitor to every home where it is received.

There will be no change in the former political course of the TRANSCRIPT. It will continue to uphold those grand principles of Democracy—those principles which are the very foundation of civil government—as it has done in the past, as well as our humble talents will allow; but, at the same time, the TRANSCRIPT will not be the organ of any party or faction, rather steering a moderate and independent course, and standing ever ready to support the good and condemn the bad of all parties.

While the TRANSCRIPT will not neglect the news of our whole country—rather the whole world—we shall particularly endeavor to make it always a good local paper, and mainly devoted to the interests of that thriving section of country in which it circulates. Its columns will continue to contain a weekly report of all the interesting home news, together with a full and carefully written synopsis of all important events, and notable happenings on the Peninsula. To this end we shall give to the paper our entire personal attention.

We earnestly desire that the kindly feeling now existing between our numerous exchanges and the TRANSCRIPT shall continue.

Though a stranger to a great number of our readers we do not desire to remain so. The latch string of the TRANSCRIPT office will be always out, and our patrons welcome visitors in our sanctum.

In conclusion, we would most respectfully solicit a continuance of the patronage of those who have heretofore so liberally supported the TRANSCRIPT, and in return we shall earnestly strive to make it a useful and interesting home newspaper, and, we hope, at least worth the subscription price to every subscriber.

W. SCOTT WAY.

THE COMING ELECTIONS.

Elections will be held in the following States next Tuesday, the 6th inst.: New York, Pennsylvania, New Jersey, Maryland, Virginia, Mississippi, Illinois, Minnesota, Wisconsin, Nebraska, Nevada and Massachusetts. Five of these States—Massachusetts, Minnesota, Mississippi, New Jersey and Virginia—vote for Governors. Of the above named States, New York, New Jersey, Maryland, Virginia, Mississippi and Nevada will undoubtedly give heavy democratic majorities. Pennsylvania, Illinois and Wisconsin will also probably wheel into the democratic line, and we shall not be at all surprised if the democrats capture Massachusetts and Minnesota. We do not want to claim all the doubtful States, so we are perfectly willing to admit that the Republicans will possibly carry Nebraska.

Dakota Territory also holds an election for Governor on the above date, and the Black Hillerites will have the extreme pleasure of exercising the right of franchise, perhaps for the first time in the Territory. There will probably be lively times about Deadwood, and the undertakers will no doubt have a large number of coffins, assorted sizes, ready made when called for.

As there will be no election in Delaware this year, we can sit on the fence and look on while the smoke of battle rolls in her sister States.

THE MARYLAND ELECTION.—The State election in Maryland for the Comptroller of the Treasury and members of the Legislature will take place next Tuesday, November 6th. The democratic candidate for Comptroller is Hon. Thomas J. Keating, of Queen Anne's county, and the republican candidate for the same office is Dr. G. E. Forter, of Alleghany. These are the only candidates who will be voted for throughout the State. Senators are to be elected from Allegheny, Baltimore (second district), Calvert (to fill a vacancy), Caroline, Cecil, Charles, Dorchester, Garrett, Harford, Montgomery, Prince George's, St. Mary's, Talbot and Worcester counties—fourteen in all. Twelve Senators hold over. Besides the regular democratic and republican tickets there are, in some of the counties, other tickets, such as the Workingmen's, Citizens' Reform, Fusion, etc., etc. Only two of the Eastern Shore counties have these sideshows—Cecil and Talbot. In some of the counties the republicans have not thought it worth while to make any nominations, and after the election they will begin to think it would have been about as well if they had not made any at all.

WE shall be pleased to receive communications from all parts of the county; also, from Cecil county, Md., and other sections of the Peninsula, containing brief items of news of interest to the general reader; but all such communications, to receive attention, must invariably be accompanied with the full name and post office address of the writer.

THE Republican "organs" do not seem to like the appointment of Mr. John Welsh as Minister to England, but the public will not be disposed to find fault with him on that account.

THE President, by proclamation, has set apart the last Thursday in November as a day of thanksgiving and prayer.

THE NEW MINISTER TO ENGLAND.—The appointment, by Mr. Hayes, of John Welsh, of Philadelphia, as Minister to England meets with general approval from the independent press of the country. This is as it should be, for Mr. Welsh is a gentleman of stainless reputation, great energy and undoubted ability. He is a republican, but not a politician nor an office seeker. He acquired a national reputation as president of the Centennial Board of Finance, and perhaps the great success of the exhibition was due to him more than to any other man in the country.

Every Senator who has the welfare of his country at heart should vote for the confirmation of Mr. Welsh, for he will certainly reflect honor upon America at the Court of St. James—something which has not been done lately.

Washington Letter.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Oct. 31, 1877.

The political events of yesterday were the announcement of the House Committees by Speaker Randall, and the presentation of nearly one thousand bills and resolutions in the House.

The committees are, in some sense, a surprise to all, but, to most, will be an agreeable surprise. The personal feelings of Mr. Randall are exhibited less than was thought probable in the composition of the important committees, and he has evidently done his best to put the working material of the House where it will do the most good to the country. The chairmanships, are, on the whole, judiciously distributed, tho' New England, with five Democratic representatives, gets none.

I suppose that never before was such a number of bills and resolutions presented in one day. Another opportunity will not be had for a week, and members seem to have thought the only hope of securing action on their measures at the extra session would be in presenting them as soon as possible. Among the more important of them was a bill appropriating money to aid in our representation of the Paris Exposition next year; to revive the Alabama Claims Commission; reducing rate of postage to two cents; repealing tenure of office act; for the removal of all political disabilities; to simplify existing laws for collecting duties on imports; making the Department of Agriculture one of the Executive Departments; to repeal the act providing for resumption of specie payments; to make United States notes receivable for duties on imports; and one appropriation of three million dollars for the levees of the Mississippi river.

In the Senate nothing was done. The Louisiana Senatorial contest, in committee on elections, promises to be very long and very bitter.

Mr. Hayes yesterday sent in for confirmation the name of E. H. Stoughton, as Minister to Russia. Thus, of the men who managed his case before the Electoral Commission, three are in high office by his assistance—Evarts, Matthews and Stoughton. All the members of the Florida Returning Board have federal office from him, and also the two managing members—Wells and Anderson—of the Louisiana Returning Board. Thus reform marches on in the civil service. By-the-way, Evarts received his former appointment as Attorney-General by reason of his defence of Andrew Johnson in the impeachment trial.

The Senate confirms from day to day a few appointments that are not objectionable to any one, but has not commenced on the main body of them.

Representative Foster, of Ohio, says that he and Hale, of Maine, are the parties who caused Republicans to gather two or three times at the house of Secretary Sherman to agree upon means of averting open rupture in the House.

The resolution endorsing the policy of Hayes was not offered yesterday in the House, though it was thought some Democrat would offer it. Many Democrats, as well as all the Republicans seem to wish the resolution kept back.

The population of this district is about 140,000; its property, at a high valuation for assessment purposes, is put at ninety millions of dollars; its debt, bonded and floating, is nearly, if not quite thirty millions. New York, with seven times our population, a hundred times our wealth, and a thousand times our trade, has only a debt between three and four times as large as ours. Our debt was created by Republican appointees of Grant, and not by men elected to office by our citizens. We wish it inquired into at the earliest possible day by Congress.

This morning Mr. Hayes and party started for Richmond, where the people have prepared to receive him grandly. There is to be an election in Virginia shortly, but as there are no Republican candidates in the field, there is no one who remembering Ohio, might object to the trip. His presence cannot defeat a Republican party where no such party exists. In the winter he goes to New Orleans. SOLON.

NOTES OF THE DAY.

"Apple Jack" is exempt from the provisions of the Moffett law.

Where is Howard Pasha? He has not been heard from since Joseph Pasha surrendered.

A couple of Pittsburg gentlemen are in search of a duke who spent the summer at Cesson, and borrowed $2,000 to help him along until he got his remittances from home.

The Burlington *Hawkeye*, an organ of the Iowa implacables, calls Hayes Tilden's "old eight-by-seven deputy." The "stalwarts" are getting so mad that they growl out the truth occasionally.

The Philadelphia *Bulletin* believes that when General Sherman got back home from kissing all those Oregon girls the family rule against round dances was suspended for about ten minutes.

There is a general standing around in Washington waiting for somebody to knock a chip off somebodys else's shoulder. There are a good many who want to see the fun, but only a limited number who care to participate in it.

"George William," said a New Jersey woman to her eldest hopeful the other day, "don't let me see you playing with Jenkins' yonng ones any more. Your father's just been appointed a school trustee and we've got to uphold the dignity of the office, or bust.

GENERAL NEWS.

George L. Fox, the famous comedian, died last week.

Senator Oliver P. Morton, of Indiana, died Thursday afternoon at half past five o'clock, after a long and painfull illness. He was conscious to the last.

Edwin Adams, the actor, died at Philadelphia on Tuesday, after a protracted illness. He was conscious until within an hour of his demise, and died without a struggle.

Mrs. Elizabeth Thompson, the distinguished philanthropist and millionaire, has been elected president of the New York Liberal Club, formerly presided over by Horace Greeley.

The latest virulent horse disease has reached Atlantic county, N. J., and nearly fifty horses and mules have so far succumbed to its ravages. The malady is also killing off the swine.

The directors of the Pennsylvania Railroad Company have resolved, notwithstanding the fact that the company is moving a large traffic at good rates, that it is inexpedient to declare a dividend at this time.

Gov. Carroll has appointed Friday, November 23d, for the hanging of Jas. R. Hawkins, who was recently convicted in Howard county, Md., of a brutal outrage on a young white girl, Ida Schaeffer, near the Relay House, in April last.

Opinions conflict as to the situation in France. According to the views of some the republic is on the brink of civil war. Others persist in optimist opinions. The Duke D'Aumale protests against being mentioned for the presidency. So does M. Grevy, provisionally.

The officers of the United States mint at Philadelphia have just discovered that some dishonest practices have been going on in the refiner's department for some time past. They are confined as far as is known at present to a single employee, at whose house about a hundred ounces of silver were discovered.

Col. C. C. Long, of Maryland, having been compelled, on account of illness, to resign his position on the Khedive's staff in the Egyptian army, is now on his way home, and is expected to arrive in New York during the latter part of this month. He intends to reside there and practice law.

Mr. John Welsh has stated that after mature deliberation and with great diffidence, be had reluctantly yielded to the wishes of the President and had concluded to accept the nomination of Minister to England, if he should be confirmed by the Senate. Mr. Pierrepont has asked to be relieved by the 1st of December, and Mr. Welsh will endeavor to arrange his business affairs so as to reach England by the latter part of November.

Three counterfeit five dollar notes on the First National Bank of Tamaqua, Pa., were received at the redemption agency at Washington on Wednesday from Connecticut, Massachusetts and New York. None of them have the correct charter number, which is 1,219 printed in large red ink across the face of the note, and all notes on this bank with another number than 1,219 may be refused as counterfeit.

President Hayes and party visited the Virginia State Fair at Richmond on Wednesday. Gov. Kemper delivered a welcoming address. The President responded in his usual pleasant way, giving some good suggestions on the subject of immigration, small farms, cheap lands, taxation, education, etc. Speeches were also made by Secretaries Evarts, Sherman and Thompson, Attorney General Devens and others.

Bishop McLaren, now the honorable Episcopal Bishop of Illinois, used to be a local reporter on the Cleveland *Plain Dealer* staff, and it is said in those unregenerate days could go on a "lark" with any of the boys. He was a newspaper reporter, and now he is a bishop! It is enough to take one's breath away. We don't have to lose our breath very often that way, however.—*Cincinnati Commercial.*

Mrs. Clemmer, writing of Speaker Randall, says: "He is extremely winning. Cast in Roman mold, tall and powerful, he sits high and looks the man he is. He is just fifty years old, but does not look forty-five. Mr. Randall has a fine head, covered with closely-curling black hair, clearly cut, strong features, with a square, solid, but not heavy jaw; a mouth that could hardly fail to have its own way, if it set about it. The very strong will of the man is perfectly apparent in his countenance; but, combined with the head and brow, gives the impression of large power, rather than of mere willfulness."

THE PRESIDENTIAL ELECTION COMMITTEE.—The Senate committee of nine, appointed under Mr. Edmund's resolution in relation to the election of President and Vice President, comprises some of the very best legal minds in that body. All the plans proposed for amending or making a radical change in the electoral law will come up before the committee for consideration, and as it is a question outside of party politics, whilst it is of the first importance to all parties and the people generally to make a law that will secure a fair and just election without encroaching on the rights of the States, there is a reasonable hope that the committee will succeed in agreeing upon such a measure as will satisfy the public mind and avoid such a collision of parties as was imminent at the last election. A special committee of eleven is already determined upon in the House on the like subject, but is not yet named.—*Balt. Sun.*

THE MARKETS.

MIDDLETOWN GRAIN MARKET.
CORRECTED WEEKLY BY ISAAC JONES, JR.

Wheat,	1 40@ $1 43
Corn, yellow	56 cts
Corn, white	54 cts
Oats	28 cts
Timothy Seed	2 50
Clover "	9@9 c ℔ lb

MIDDLETOWN PRODUCE MARKET.
CORRECTED WEEKLY BY S. M. REYNOLDS.

Eggs	20 cts. ℔ doz
Butter	23@25cts ℔ lb
Lard	10@11 " "
Spring Chickens	11@12½ " "

PHILADELPHIA MARKETS.

Prime red wheat	$1 43@1 45 ℔ bus
Corn,	60@61 ℔ bus
Oats (Delaware)	34@35 cts
Clover seed	07@08 ℔ lb
Timothy	1 20@1 45

BALTIMORE MARKETS

Wheat, good to amber	1 45@$1 50
Corn, white,	60@61
Corn, yellow,	58@60
Oats, Southern, new,	33@37
Rye	63@67

New Advertisements.

NOTICE.

ALL PERSONS are forbidden to trespass anywhere on my premises with dogs or guns. A violation of this notice will cause me to enforce the law to its full extent.

November 3, 1877. 3t E. R. COCHRAN.

FOR SALE.—A fine lot of STOCK SHEEP. Apply to GEORGE ECHENHOFER, nov 3-tf Middletown, Del.

FOR SALE.

THE STORE HOUSE on Canal Street, Chesapeake City, Md., now occupied by Wm. P. Hyrons.

This is one of the largest and best fitted up establishments of the kind in the town. Terms very reasonable. Apply to WM. LINDSEY, Agent, Chesapeake City, nov 3-tf or, at the TRANSCRIPT office.

PRICES REDUCED!

MY PATRONS AND CUSTOMERS will be served in the future, as in the past, to the best of my ability with

Choice Meats, OF ALL KINDS.

Price as Low as the Lowest.

Choice Cuts 12½ Cents per Pound.

Pork and Sausage a Specialty.

My friends are aware that I use best quality of stock.

Stand, CORNER of MAIN and CASS ST., West of Town Hall.

GEORGE ECHENHOFER.

Middletown, Nov. 3, 1877.-tf

BEEF! BEEF! BEEF!

THE UNDERSIGNED has opened a fresh *BEEF AND PORK STORE,*

Opposite the National Hotel,

MIDDLETOWN, DEL.

Best cuts of Sirloin, Round Steaks, etc., delivered at any part of town for twelve and a half cents per pound.

Meats of all kinds always on hand, such as kept in a Provision Store, and sold for the lowest cash price. By prompt attention I hope to secure a part of the public patronage.

CLAYTON C. THACKERY.

Middletown, Del., Nov. 3, 1877.-tf

PUBLIC SALE!

THE SUBSCRIBER, intending to quit farming, will sell at Public Sale, at his residence in Appoquinimink Hundred, about one and a half miles from Odessa, on the road leading from Odessa to Fieldsboro,

Tuesday, Nov. 13, 1877,

at 10 o'clock, sharp, his entire Stock and Farming Utensils, to-wit:

10 Head of Horses, Mules & Colts,

No. 1.—"Nellie, a bay mare, kind and gentle in all harness, good driver, and suitable for a lady.

No. 2.—"Dollie," a bay mare, kind and gentle; an excellent driver.

No. 3.—"Hunter," a bay colt, three years old, coming Spring.

No. 4.—A bay colt foaled the fifth of May last.

No. 5.—A black colt foaled the fourteenth of May last.

No. 6 & 7.—A pair of Young Mules, well broken and excellent workers.

No. 8 & 9.—A pair of Mules, 19 years old, sound and good workers.

No. 10.—An odd Mule, twelve years old.

5 Head of No. 1 Milch Cows,

(All in profit.)

16 *HEAD OF HOGS & SHOATS,*

Two of which are full-blooded Berkshire.

Farming Implements.

Will be sold 1 Champion Mower and Reaper combined, in good repair; 1 Peach Wagon, 1 Peach Body and Springs, 2 Farm Wagons, iron axles, in good order; 2 York Carriages, one new; 1 Dearborn, 1 Sleigh, Corn Sheller, 1 Jones' Peach Cutter, Plows, Harrows, Cultivators, Shovels, Hoes, Forks, Rakes, etc. 2 sets of Wagon Harness, 2 sets of Carriage Harness, a lot of Plough Harness, a lot of Berry Crates, Hot-Bed Sash, 10 Hives of Bees, 1 Zimmerman Fruit Drier, Cross-cut Saw, 1 Iron Vise. Household and Kitchen Furniture, consisting of Beds, Bedding, Tables, Chairs, Carpets, Stoves, etc. A lot of Pickled Pork, Hams and Shoulders, by the pound.

Terms of Sale:—All sums of Thirty Dollars and under, Cash; all over that amount a credit of Ten Months will be given by the purchaser giving judgment note or bond, with approved endorsers.

W. M VANDEGRIFT.

November 3d, 1877-tspd

Oysters! Oysters! Oysters!

Seventh Year of its Existence!

Having succeeded beyond our most sanguine expectations, we propose to continue the

Ice Cream and Oyster Business,

at the old stand,

"Hall Building," Middletown, Del.

In any quantity that may be desired.

We open all our oysters every day so that they are always fresh and will supply them as cheap as any one in town. We are prepared to furnish cream in any quantity that may be desired. We have on hand family packing cans of all sizes, from one quart up.

We shall keep constantly an assortment of fine cakes, and will receive orders for parties, etc.

CONFECTIONERIES OF ALL KINDS.

CHILDREN'S TOYS ALWAYS ON HAND.

FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC FRUITS IN SEASON.

THE FINEST BRANDS OF SEGARS AND TOBACCO.

RICE & CO., Agents.

N. B.—Ice Cream Wholesale and Retail.

Middletown, Del., Nov. 3, 1877.—tf

Winter Arrangement!

Port Penn, Collins' Beach, Bombay Hook and Philadelphia.

On and after Monday, October 29th, 1877,

Steamer "ARIEL"

CAPTAIN JOHN CURRY,

Will leave second wharf above Race Street, Philadelphia, for Port Penn and Collins' Beach, every Tuesday and Friday, at 12 M., arriving at Port Penn about 3, and Collins' Beach, about 3.30 P. M.

Up from Collins' Beach, Mondays and Thursdays, about 2.30 P. M., and Port Penn, about 3 P. M., arriving in Philadelphia about 7.30 P. M.

BOMBAY HOOK SPECIAL SCHEDULE.

DOWN.		UP.	
Tuesday,	Oct. 30th	Monday, Oct.	29th
Friday,	Nov. 2d	Monday, Nov.	5th
Friday	" 9th	Thursday, "	8th
Tuesday,	" 13th	Monday, "	12th
Friday,	" 16th	Thursday, "	15th
Friday,	" 23d	Monday, "	19th
Tuesday,	" 27th	Thursday, "	22d
Friday,	" 30th	Monday, "	26th
Friday,	Dec. 7th	Thursday, "	29th
Tuesday,	" 11th	Monday, Dec.	3d
Friday,	" 14th	Thursday, "	6th
Friday,	" 21st	Monday, "	10th
Tbesday,	" 25th	Thursday, "	13th
Friday,	" 28th	Thursday, "	20th
Omitting: Down, Nov. 6th and 20th, Dec. 5th and 18th.		Monday, "	24th
		Thursday, "	27th
		Omitting: Up, Nov. 1st, and Dec. 17th	

BRIDGETON NOTICE!—The ARIEL runs each trip to Bridgeton, N. J., and the landings on the Cohansey River. Leaving Bridgeton, Mondays and Thursdays, at 12 noon.

Stock and Freight of all kinds taken on the "Ariel."

Fare from either Landing, to Philadelphia, 50 cents.

H. L. OGDEN, Clerk,

nov 3-tf Office: 104 N. Delaware Ave.

Cloths, Cassimeres, and Gents' Furnishing Goods.

A long-felt Want now Supplied!

REYNOLDS & Co.,

No. 3, Cochran Square,

MIDDLETOWN, DELAWARE,

Will Open this Morning, Oct. 27th,

A LARGE LINE OF

CLOTHING for Men, Youths and Boys

At Prices that will compete with any of the leading houses of the Cities.

A Full Assortment and Handsome Display of

English Worsteds, Cloths and Cassimeres,

For Suitings. Fur Beavers, Chinchillas, and Beaver Cloths for Overcoats and Ladies' Coatings.

Our Merchant Tailoring Department,

Under the efficient management of Mr. GUSTAVE SEDERLUND, late of Chestnut Street, Philadelphia, will enable citizens of Middletown, and vicinity, to procure perfect fitting garments without the extra expense of fare, etc., to the cities.

Gent's Furnishing Goods.

Our selections in this department were never before equalled in this town, and comprise

Fine Laundried and Unlaundried Shirts, at	$1 00
Four Ply Linen Collars,	4 for 50 Cts.
Four Ply Linen Cuffs,	2 pair for 50 Cts.
Neck Ties and Bows,	from 10 cts. to $1 00
Gloves,	from 25 cts. to $1 5
British Half Hose,	2 pair for 25 Cts.

The best makes of Underwear, in endless variety.

TRUNKS, VALISES, ETC.

GEO. W. ERNEST, Salesman.

SEPTEMBER, 1877.

We call the attention of the PUBLIC to the

LARGEST AND BEST

Selected stock of

DRY GOODS

Ever brought in this TOWN, and at VERY LOW PRICES,

CLOTHS, CASSIMERES AND KERSEYS

A SPECIALTY.

HEAD-QUARTERS FOR BOOTS & SHOES.

LARGE STOCK OF CLOTHING.

CARPETS AND OIL CLOTHS.

In fact every thing that is kept in a first-class Country Store.

Please call and examine, and you will be convinced.

Respectfully,

W. H. MOORE & CO.,

sep26-6m MIDDLETOWN, DEL.

REMOVAL AND ENLARGMENT.

A. H. RUSSELL

Desires to inform his friends and the public generally that he had removed to the

NEW STORE, No. 4, Cochran Square,

Where he may be found with a large and excellent assortment of

HARNESS, SADDLES, COLLARS, WHIPS,

And a general assortment of everything usually kept in a

FIRST-CLASS HARNESS STORE

Among other things that we have added to the stock, we may mention

TRUNKS, VALISES, TRAVELING BAGS, &C.

Also a large supply of

HORSE BLANKETS AND LAP ROBES.

All goods will be sold as low and lower in many cases than they can be bought in the city

Repairing of all kinds done promptly and at moderate prices.

sep29-1m

SOUTHDOWN BUCKS and Buck Lambs for sale by GEO. W. LOCKWOOD, oct 13-1m Warwick, Md.

Having two delivery wagons in full operation, I am now prepared to fill orders and deliver goods at your homes free of charge Maryland deliveries, Wednesday and Saturday. Delaware deliveries, Monday, Tuesday and Friday. G. W. W. NAUDAIN.

Reynolds & Co. have just returned from New York where they have been this week purchasing goods for their New clothing house.

Reynolds & Co have the handsomest and most stylish clothing ever brought to this market.

MISS COLE.

TEACHER.

Piano, Parlor Organ and Singing.

SPECIAL ATTENTION given to the cultivation of the voice, and to the practice of Solfeggio. Voice Building a specialty.

N. B.—Will form a class during Fall and Winter in the art of Elocution or Culture in General Literature.

Is prepared to receive propositions for Public Readings throughout the country.

For terms and other particulars please address MISS COLE, oct 20-5m Middletown, Delaware.

$55 a $77 a week to agents. $10 Outfit Free. P. O. VICKERY, Augusta, Maine.

Dress Goods, &c., &c.

GRAND DISPLAY!

Unparalelled Bargains!

NEW SCALE OF CASH PRICES!

AT

S. M. REYNOLDS'

Large Corner Store.

Dress Goods

FOR

Fall & Winter Wear

From 10 cts to 40 cts per yd.

Black Cashmere from	40 cts to $1.
Black Alpaca from	25 " to 50c.
Children's Plaids	12½" to 30c.

Wool Flannels.

Scarlet	18 to 50c.
Blue twilled	25 to 50c.
Operas	37½ to 60c.
Whites	12½ to 75c.
Gray Twills	15 to 25c.
Shaker	25 to 60c.
Medicated	35 to 50c.

Blankets!

Heavy 10-4 White	$2.50 to $5.00
" " Br. Gray	1.50 to 3.00
" " Silver	2.25 to 3.00

Linens.

Bleached Hack Towels	8 to 30c
" Damask "	25 to 31c
Turkish Bath, "	27 to 32c
" Neck Cloths	9 to 11½c
Table Linens	31 to 60c
All Linen Napkins	8 to 25c
Turkey Red Napkins	6 to 12½c

FELT SKIRTS, NUBIAS, HOODS, SHAWLS.

UNDERWEAR

FOR

Ladies, Misses and Children

in full assortment at the

Lowest Cash Prices.

Dress Trimmings.

FANCY GALOONS, WOOL FRINGES,

Buttons, Black Silk cut biased, Velvet Ribbons, in great variety, to match our Dress Goods.

S. M. Reynolds'

Largest and Cheapest Store on the Peninsula.

The Middletown Transcript

IS PUBLISHED EVERY SATURDAY BY

W. Scott Way.

TERMS—$2.00 a year, payable in advance. No paper discontinued until so ordered, except at the option of the publisher.

RATES FOR ADVERTISING:

Transient advertisements of less than one inch in space will be inserted at the rate of ten cents a line for first insertion, and five cents per line for each additional insertion.—Rates for one inch and over, as follows:

Space.	1 wk.	1 mo.	3 mos.	6 mos.	1 year.
1 inch,	$ 75	$ 1 50	$ 3 00	$ 5 00	$ 8 00
2 "	1 25	2 50	4 50	6 75	12 00
3 "	1 75	3 50	6 00	9 00	16 00
4 "	2 25	4 50	8 00	12 00	20 00
¼ col.	3 50	7 00	10 00	15 00	28 00
½ "	6 00	12 00	18 00	30 00	56 00
1 "	12 00	20 00	35 00	60 00	100 00

Business Locals and Special Notices 10 cents a line for each insertion. Obituaries charged for at the rate of 5 cents per line of eight words. Marriages and deaths inserted free.

TERMS: Cash in advance, invariably.

SATURDAY MORNING, NOV. 3, 1877.

LOCAL AND STATE AFFAIRS.

The past week has been damp, generally.

Gunning accidents may now be expected.

Marshal Dunn has been re-appointed by the President.

Now is the time for farmers to insert "notices to gunners."

Harry Channon, the wonderful boy orator, is to appear in Wilmington.

The game law expired November 1st, and gunning will now be in order.

The diptheria exists to a considerable extent in Smyrna among the children.

Hallow Eve is past, and the day of Thanksgiving and turkey draweth nigh.

New Castle is to have a course of lectures under the auspices of the Baptist Church.

Bishop Scott celebrated his seventy-fifth birthday recently, at his home near Odessa.

Charles P. Wadkins, of Milford Neck, has raised this season an eighty pound pumpkin. It was grown upon a ditch bank with no attention whatever.

A race track has been completed at Newark. It is to be used only as a training track—no betting to be allowed.

A handsome new wrought iron fence has been erected around the Forest Presbyterian Cemetery by Dickey & Davis, of Oxford, Pa.

A company of gentlemen are making arrangements to erect a large fruit curing establishment in Milford, for the next season.

The Rev. W. T. Lewis will preach in St. Anne's Church on Sabbath next—to-morrow.

The Town Hall at New Castle is about to be painted, both inside and out.

Miss Cole, of Baltimore, will give a select musical and literary entertainment in the Town Hall, on the evening of the 22d inst. This will no doubt be a rare treat to the citizens of Middletown and vicinity.

Capt. James Kanely brought to our office this week two branches of raspberries, on which there were a number of perfectly formed berries; ripe, and of natural flavor. This is a "second crop," and is certainly a curiosity in its way.

The New York concern that recently started a barrel factory in Frankford, a new railroad town in Baltimore Hd., in Sussex, seems to be flourishing. They are putting in machinery, extending their buildings, and preparing to manufacture sugar and molasses hogsheads during the winter. These they will ship to Cuba.—*Smyrna Times.*

Three newly-married couples—Mr. and Mrs. John Heitshu, Mr. and Mrs. Jos. A. Baynard, and Mr. and Mrs. John VanWinkle—being in town one night last week, gave the calathumpian disturbers a pretext for annoying the parties and afflicting the sick people in the community. Do the authorities think that people who get married or get sick deserve this punishment?—*Smyrna Times.*

The oyster packers are doing a good business in spite of the unfavorable weather. Orders are being received and filled every day. This business not only brings money to the pockets of those engaged therein, but furnishes employment to many who otherwise would be idle, and thus materially helps all classes of trade in Seaford. Business is good now, but will increase as the weather gets colder.—*Sussex Index.*

Sale of a Farm.

James P. Rothwell, Esq., has sold his farm on the Levels, five miles from Middletown, to Col. Joshua Clayton, for $7,500. The farm contains 150 acres and is a right nice property.

Reward Offered.

His Excellency, Governor Cochran, has issued a proclamation offering a reward of $300 for the capture of William Scott, the negro who committed an outrage on Harriet Isabella Foreacre, near Mermaid, on October 22d.

An Odd Marriage.

A few weeks ago, in Chesapeake City, Md., we are reliably informed, a youth not yet 21 years of age, married a widow of forty, or thereabouts, and her five children were thrown in for good count.—*Smyrna Times.*

Will the *Chesapike* "rise and explain" whether this is reliable or not.

Winter Arrangement.

The steamer *Ariel's* winter arrangement goes into effect this week, commencing Monday, October 29th. She will leave the landings at Bombay Hook, Collins' Beach and Port Penn on Mondays and Thursdays, one hour earlier than heretofore, and Philadelphia from the second wharf above Race street, on Tuesdays and Fridays at 12 noon, arriving at the above landings on her down trip one hour earlier than heretofore.

In Need of Funds.

The Conference Academy, at Dover, needs the funds subscribed for it badly. It is said that a number of the ministers who pledged themselves for good amounts at the conference held in Smyrna in 1875 have not yet paid anything. At present the Academy is in debt to the sum of $20,000. From $3,000 to $4,000 are needed badly at present. Three trustees are now on a bond for $2,000 and $1,400 for heating has to be raised somehow. If the preachers who have promised the money would raise it the debts due at present would be paid. —*Breakwater Light*

Mr. Lingo's Mishap.

Mr. W. J. H. Lingo, of this town, met with a very serious accident on last Saturday afternoon. While driving near Armstrong's Corner a bolt came out of the shafts of his carriage, allowing them to drop against the horse, which immediately became unmanageable and turned the vehicle over throwing Mr. Lingo out upon his head which was cut and bruised in a painful, though not dangerous manner. The gentleman was removed to the residence of Mr. Martin Walker near the scene of the accident, and was not able to be brought home until Tuesday afternoon. We are glad to state that Mr. L. is now rapidly improving. This is the second accident this gentleman has met with during this season, having been kicked by a horse a few weeks ago, from the effects of which he was confined to his house for several days.

New Advertisements.

Change of time of the steamer *Ariel.*

Clayton C. Thackery informs the public that he has opened a fresh beef and pork store opposite the National Hotel

Rice & Co. call attention to the fact that they propose to continue the ice cream and oyster business at their old stand

George Echenhofer advertises to sell the best cuts of meat as low as the lowest. Stand, corner Main & Cass streets.

W. M. Vandegrift advertises a public sale of stock, farming implements and household furniture, one and a half miles from Odessa, on Tuesday, November 13th, 1877.

Land Sales.

J. F. Mancha, real estate agent, sold in the last two weeks, the following farms: One of William L. Clough's farms, below Willow Grove, containing 61 acres, to Alex. Chambers, of Pennsylvania, for $1,300; Orin Sherman's farm, of 140 acres, one-half mile north of Canterbury, to John Hogarth, of Canada, for $3,000. He also re-sold the farm recently sold for Mr. Flick to Alex. Miller, two miles north of Dover, containing 125 acres, to Messrs. Stettler & Steinbach, of Pennsylvania, for $6,500, part in exchange for property in Pennsylvania. Also for Geo. V. Massey, Esq, attorney for Mr. Wilson, of Pennsylvania, a farm of 125 acres, adjoining the above, to J. J. Souder, of Pennsylvania, for $3,150.—*Delawarean.*

A Very Bad Dog.

"Am dat dog of yourn werry cross?" asked a colored gentleman, noted for his chicken stealing propensity, of a farmer living not a thousand miles from Middletown.

"That dog?" returned the farmer, "why, Sambo, that is the most ferocious animal of the dog species in all New Castle county. It would be worth any man's life to enter my yard after nightfall. My chickens have been disappearing very mysteriously of late, and I purchased that dog on purpose to break up this thieving. You wouldn't like to enter my yard, after night, would you, Sam?"

"Come, now, Massa; dat ain't no cross animile. I could steal the chickens an' him too."

"If you do, Sam, said the farmer, "I'll leave you go clear."

Nothing further was said on the subject, and a few days later the farmer moved a number of chickens, also his dog; and that very day he met Sambo with that ferocious dog following after him.

"What are you doing with my dog?" asked Mr. N——.

"Why, the fact is, massa, that are f'rocious dog am taken a powerful hankerin' arter me," was the darkey's cool reply. "Can't go no place 'thout hes jest laggen along at my hells."

"Yes, and you stole some of my chickens, too;" returned Mr. N——.

"That's a fac', massa; they was so temptin' setting right up thar on dat lim, and dat 'ar f'rocious dog didn't open his mouf once"

"Look here, Sam," returned the farmer, "here's a half dollar; you just keep that dog and say no more about it.

List of Jurors:

The following is a list of the Grand and Petit jurors drawn for the November Term of court, which commences at New Castle, on Monday morning, November 19th.

GRAND JURORS.

Brandywine—Thomas L. Talley, Lot Cloud.
Wilmington—William Canby, Henry Eckel.
Christiana—Hayes Graves, Abner Woodward.
Mill Creek—John Springer, Lewis McElwee.
White Clay Creek—Wm. S. Smalley, Geo. G. Evans, Robert Armstrong.
Pencader—Wm. B. Foard, Geo. Boulden, Sr.
New Castle—Azariah T. Smith, George W. Hanson, Josiah Lewden.
Red Lion—Charles G. Ash, Jas. H. Myers.
St. Georges—L. G. Vandergrift, William A. Cleaver.
Appoquinimink—Cyrus Tatman, Edward Silcox.
Blackbird—Richard Ferguson, John P. Collins.

PETIT JURORS—FIRST PANEL.

Brandywine—Wm. A. Husband, (of John,) Eli Tally, Thomas B. Carthmell.
Wilmington—Sam'l Newlin, Lewis H. Cox, Joseph W. Cooling.
Christiana—Jas. Leach, John McCullough, Jr., Rufus Gregg.
Mill Creek—Benjamin Gregg, John Robinson, Robert C. Justis.
White Clay Creek—Robert Hawthorn, Wm. Graves, Franklin Eastburn.
Pencader—Frederick Racine, Levi Hugins, Edward Clendenning.
New Castle—Giles Lambson, Wm. Newlove, James E. Biggs.
Red Lion—William D. Mullen, Sr., John B. How, Benjamin W. Schaffer.
St. Georges—Richard Eaton, Wm. Green.
Appoquinimink—W. Washington Rothwell, Samuel C. Thomas.
Blackbird—Edward France, John Deakyne.

SECOND PANEL.

Brandywine—Elwood Price, J. J. Pierce, Richard W. Edwards.
Wilmington—Wm. McCall, Wm. McConnell, James W. Carlisle.
Christiana—James Neary, Jas. Brown, Wm. P. Seal.
Mill Creek—Hayes Dickey, J. Frank McCoy, George Hope.
White Clay Creek—Wm. Griffith, Wm. S. Gibbons, John Lemon.
Pecander—Thomas Davidson, Thos. McKay, Isaac Frazer.
New Castle—Lewis C. Eliason, Benjamin F. Eckels, Spencer P. Armstrong.
Red Lion—Francis Gray, Jacob S. Allston, Solomon Deputy.
St. Georges—William R. Cochran, Charles Derrickson.
Appoquinimink—Harry Davis, William H. Tush.
Blackbird—Mortimer Ricords, George C. Rothwell.

ADDITIONAL PETIT JURORS.

Brandywine—William C. Wier, Jacob R. Weidin.
Wilmington—John G. Glatts, Robert P. Tawressy.
Christiana—Jas. Porter, Joseph P. Nichols.
Mill Creek—Alpheus Pennock, James R. Foote.
White Clay Creek—Wm. Cooch, Theodore F. Armstrong.
Pencader—John Buckingham.
New Castle—George David, George T. Ball.
Red Lion—Thomas Grimes.
St. Georges—Simeon Lord, Jas. Culbertson.
Appoquinimink—Truman Rose.
Blackbird—Benjamin C. Collins.

"Sadie Bell" at Herring Run.

A trotting race, purse $1,000, mile heats, best three in five to harness, took place Wednesday afternoon at Bishop's Herring Run course between "Sadie Bell," the Chincoteague mare, and "Carrollton," a Baltimore horse. The track was in fair condition, though a little heavy, and the attendance was one of the largest seen on the course for several years. "Sadie" was in prime condition, and excited considerable attention on account of her previous reputation. She sold the favorite in the pools, claiming $100 to $75 before the first heat. John Bolte, A. Pritchard and Thomas Ruskell were judges. They called the horses promptly at 2.30 P. M., "Sadie Bell" having the pole. A good start was made, the mare taking the lead. "Carrollton" broke at each quarter and was reined in with difficulty, leaving "Sadie Bell" an easy winner by six lengths. Time 2.36½.

The second heat was a more exciting one, "Carrollton" after breaking at the quarter pole getting down to good work, but the mare held the lead she took at the start, winning the heat by a length and a half; time 2.32½.

"Carrollton" broke again in the third heat, but some good trotting was done on the last quarter, which was made in 35 seconds. "Sadie" won the heat, and thus the race in three straight heats; time 232. It was thought that "Carrollton" lacked work and was somewhat fretful. The Chincoteague mare showed her points better than on her last visit to this city.—*Wilmington Republican.*

From Wilmington Daily Gazette.

JOB JACKSON'S ARREST.

Some Further Particulars of the Charge Against Him.

The arrest of Job H. Jackson, of Wilmington, by Sheriff Grubb, who turned him over to the Sheriff of Fulton county, Georgia, continues to be a topic of absorbing interest, and a variety of reasons for the arrest are eagerly discussed upon the streets.

The arrest became generally known early in the afternoon, but on account of the very few persons who knew the nature of the accusation, and the extreme reticence of these few, it was late in the evening before any definite knowledge of Mr. Jackson's alleged offence could be ascertained.

A reporter of the *Gazette* called upon Secretary of State Grubb and received the following particulars:

On Tuesday morning of last week Chas. W. Wells, of Atlanta, Ga., Sheriff of Fulton co., called at Middletown and served upon Governor Cochran a requisition from Gov. Colquitt, of Georgia, for the arrest of Job H. Jackson, of Wilmington.

Gov. Cochran referred the subject to Attorney-General Pennington, who, after examining the Constitution and laws of the United States in their bearing upon such cases, informed Governor Cochran that it was his imperative duty to obey the requisition, and issue a warrant for the rendition of Job H. Jackson to the authorities of the State of Georgia.

The warrant was issued on Tuesday evening of last week, but as Mr. Jackson was in Baltimore it was not served upon him until the next day Sheriff Grubb served it.

Mr. Jackson immediately obeyed the warrant and started south on the 1.23 express in company with Sheriff Wells.

In regard to the grounds of the arrest and all other particulars, Secretary Grubb referred the reporter to Messrs. Harrington & Hoffecker, Mr. Jackson's solicitors.

WHAT THE CHARGE IS.

Amid the mass of rumors growing out of the affair the following statement appears to be the most generally accepted:

In the year 1870, when Bullock was Governor of Georgia, and E. N. Kimball & Co. the general financial agents, the Jackson & Sharp Company constructed for the Atlanta & Western Railroad (which was being constructed by the State,) a first-class parlor car for the sum of $12,000, receiving in payment therefor the sum of $5,000 cash and a note for $7,000. When the note came due it was renewed by two other notes for $4,000 and $3,000 respectively, which were duly forwarded to Mr. Jackson, who also retained the first note.—When the two notes became due they were paid in full by Messrs. Kimball & Co., on behalf of the State.

In 1872, after Governor Bullock and Kimball had left the State, Jackson proceeded to Atlanta with the first note for $7,000 in his possession, upon which he demanded payment. He swore to its genuineness and received the money for it, making the full amount paid for the car reach $19,000.

The transaction, it is said, was only recently discovered, the discovery being due to the return of Kimball to the State and his voluntary assistance to the State officials in unearthing and exposing the many rascalities of the Bullock *regime.* Kimball, it is said, discovered the fact that the $7,000 in notes had been twice paid, and at once explained the whole transaction and caused the proceedings against Mr. Jackson to be instituted.

Mr. Jackson, accompanied by Sheriff Wells, started south last Wednesday week on the 1.23 p. m. train.

ESCAPE AND RECAPTURE.

Sheriff Wells and Mr. Jackson reached Washington about nine o'clock Wednesday evening week, their arrival being noticed by some of the Wilmington excursionists. Mr. Jackson, it is said, looked very much worn and worried.

About ten o'clock that night Sheriff Grubb received a despatch from Sheriff Wells stating that Mr. Jackson had escaped. About an hour later another despatch was received, stating that he had been recaptured.

THE TRUE STORY.

In order to make definite and positive what is printed above, the following copy of the requisition and extracts from the indictment taken from the papers as rendered by Sheriff Wells, is also published:

THE REQUISITION.

In the name and by the authority of the State of Georgia.

Alfred H. Colquitt, Governor of Georgia, to His Excellency, the Governor of the State of Delaware:

Whereas, it appears, by the annexed papers, duly authenticated according to the laws of this State, that Job H. Jackson stands charged by indictment in Fulton county, State of Georgia, with the offence of being a common cheat and swindler, and it has been represented to me that he has fled from the justice of this State and has taken refuge within the State of Delaware;

Now, therefore, pursuant to the provisions of the Constitution and laws of the United States in such cases made and provided, I do hereby request that the said Job H. Jackson be delivered to Chas. W. Wells, who is duly authorized to receive and convey him to the State of Georgia, to be dealt with according to law.

{L.S.} Given under my hand and the seal of the Executive Department, at the city of Atlanta, the 13th day of October, A. D., 1877, and of the independence of the State of Georgia the 102d.

ALFRED H. COLQUITT, Governor.

By the Governor,
J. W. OWENS, Sec'ty Exec. Dep.

THE INDICTMENT

of Mr. Jackson, by the Grand Jury of Fulton county, Georgia, reads in substance as follows.

The Grand Jurors selected chosen and sworn for the county of Fulton * * * do charge and accuse Job H. Jackson, with the offense of being a common cheat and swindler, for that the said Job H. Jackson, in the county aforesaid, on the 10th day of March, A. D., 1873, by using deceitful means and artful practices, did defraud and cheat the State of Georgia, out of the sum of $7,000, * * * which said deceitful means consisted in this, to-wit: (Here follows record of sale of the car by Jackson in August, 1860, the Western & Atlantic Railroad, through E. N. Kimball, for which he received a note for $7,000, at four months, endorsed by H. J. & E. N. Kimball, and a draft for $5,000.)

That on the 10th day of June, 1871, the said Job H. Jackson received from H. J. & E. N. Kimball, in part payment for said note—two notes one for $3,000, due August 12th, 1871, and the other for $4,000, due Sept. 11th, 1871. But the said Job H. Jackson deceitfully and fraudulently retained possession of the said first mentioned note. That the said two notes were paid on the respective days upon which they fell due.

That afterwards, on the 15th day of April, 1872, the said Job H Jackson came to Atlanta and went before a committee of the General Assembly of the State of Georgia, appointed to investigate the management of the Western & Atlantic Railroad, and then and there, before and to said committee, deceitfully, fraudulently and falsely stated, under oath, that said first named note had not been paid, and that no part of said first named note had been paid; and he, intending to cheat and defraud said State, deceitfully artfully and fraudulently presented said first mentioned note to the Governor of said State for payment, representing that it had not been paid, and knowing positively that it had been.

That he procured an executive warrant for the amount of the note with interest ($7,022,-44) from Gov. Smith, secured the Comptroller General's approval of said warrant, and presented the same to the State Treasurer for payment, receiving the money therefor, thereby cheating and defrauding the State of Georgia.

And they do further present and charge that after the aforesaid acts were done and committed, the said Job H. Jackson, on the 11th day of March, 1873, absconded from said State, and has not returned since that day; and that the aforesaid offence was unknown until the first day of March, 1877. All which acts and doings of the said Job H. Jackson are contrary to the laws of said State, the good order, peace and dignity thereof.

B. H. HILL, Jr.,
Solicitor General.

A Meeting of Prominent Business Men to Consider the Charges Against Him.

A number of prominent business men whose names are given below, held a meeting at the office of Messrs. Harrington & Hoffecker, Monday afternoon, and listened to a statement by Mr. Job H. Jackson, of the charges which caused his recent arrest, and the evidence bearing upon them, in Mr. Jackson's possession and after full consideration reached the conclusion stated in the following report of the meeting:

RESULT OF THE MEETING.

WILMINGTON, DEL., Oct. 29th, 1877.—At a meeting of business men of this city, held this day, to consider the circumstances connected with the arrest by the authorities of the State of Georgia, of our fellow citizen, Job H. Jackson, the following persons were present:

J. T. Gause Vice President Harlan & Hollingsworth Company, Iron Ship Builders; George G. Lobdell, President Lobdell Car Wheel Company; Victor DuPont, President Union National Bank; Edward Betts, President First National Bank; Washington Jones, President National Bank of Wilmington & Brandywine; George W. Sparks, Director National Bank of Wilmington & Brandywine; Charles Warner, Director Philadelphia, Wilmington & Baltimore Railroad Company; James Bradford, President Wilmington City Railway Company; George W. Bush, President Wilmington Steamship Company; E. T. Walton, of Walton, Whann & Company; Wm. H. Swift, of the Swift & Courtney & Beecher Company; Wm. G Gibbons, of Pusey, Jones & Company, Iron Ship Builders; George S. Capelle, of Capelle & Brother, Hardware Merchants; Preston Lea, of Wm. Lea & Sons, Brandywine Flour Mills; H. F. Pickels, Iron Founder; H. C. Robinson, Banker; H. Mendinhall, President Diamond State Iron Company.

W. G. Gibbons was chosen chairman and H. Mendinhall secretary of said meeting and the following resolutions were unanimously adopted:

Resolved, That after hearing a statement of the case, and examining the correspondence and papers submitted relating thereto, it is the sense of this meeting that no fraud was intended or committed by Job H. Jackson in the premises, and that our confidence in his integrity remains unshaken.

Resolved, That a copy of the proceedings of this meeting be furnished for publication.

H. MENDINHALL, Secretary.

EASTERN SHORE MATTERS.

Salisbury is to have a new court house.

William H. Councill, editor of the Easton *Gazette* is seriously ill.

The *Chesapike* of Chesapeake City threatens to move, some fine morning, up to Elkton—"Sweet Elkton, on the Elk."

A shirt factory is to be started in Centreville. It will give employment to about thirty people. Messrs. J. H. Hall and Fred Burgess are at the head of the project.

Twenty bushels of peach kernels from the Eastern Shore passed through Baltimore one day last week to Dayton, Ohio, where they are to be used for chemical purposes.

The Workingmen's party at Crisfield seems to have died a natural death. Nothing has been heard of it lately, and the "horny-handed" movement in the "Modern Venice" has evidently "stepped down and out."—*Record and Gazette.*

Michael Foley, convicted in our Circuit Court on Friday of last week of illegal dredging and sentenced to imprisonment in the county jail for one month, broke out the same night by picking a hole in the wall, and has not since been heard from.—*Kent News.*

A party of prominent Baltimoreans visited Ocean City on Thursday week in a special car for the purpose of making arrangements in regard to building a large new hotel at that place, to be finished in time for the opening of the next season.

During the storm of last Sunday night lightning struck the boat belonging to Capt. Joshua Chandler, of Chincoteague Island, killing him instantly and rendering his son unconscious. The deceased was originally from Sussex county, Del., but had resided on Chincoteague for the past twelve months.

Miss: A word in your ear. The next fine afternoon that you saunter out, buy a box of GLENN'S SULPHUR SOAP. That admirable purifier will remove every one of those pimples which detract so much from your beauty. Sold by all Druggists.

There is youth in every bottle of Hill's Hair Dye.

NO FAILURE KNOWN.—There is no case on record where Dr. Morris' Syrup of Tar, Wild Cherry and Morehound has failed to give satisfaction. On the other hand, wherever it has been used by our people, in severe colds, coughs, asthma, bronchitis, croup, whooping-cough and consumption, they are enthusiastic in its praise. Containing no opium or other dangerous drug, it does not constipate, and is safe to administer in all conditions of health. This is an important announcement, and the suffering are advised to heed it.—Trial size 10 cents. For sale by Adkisson & Co., and H. R Chamberlain, Middletown, and H. P. Baker, Odessa, Del.

Also agents for Prof. Parker's Pleasant Worm Syrup, perfectly safe and extremely palatable. No physic required. Costs 25 cents. Try it. t nov1

A TIME-HONORED SPECIFIC.—The long and successful career of Dr. Wishart's Pine Tree Tar Cordial as contrasted with the speedy collapse of nostrums devoid of efficacy which have from time to time been puffed into brief notoriety during the twenty odd years that this celebrated medecine has been sold, affords a proof that the American public *continues* to repose its confidence in deserving articles only. The Pine Tree Tar Cordial has long been recognized as the leading specific for Consumption, Bronchitis, Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Diptheria and all other diseases of the breathing organs. It is, moreover, a certain, speedy, and safe botanic remedy for Dyspepsia, Liver Disorders, Scrofulus Affections, Urinary Troubles, Gravel, Dropsy, Debility, Constipation, and Female Complaints. Constantly accumulating evidence of an unimpeachable character establishes the fact that it not only entirely eradicates the diseases to which it is adopted, but also that its action is remarkably prompt and thorough. The crucial test of experience has demonstrated its reliability in every particular. Sold by all druggists. Principal depot, No. 916 Filbert Street, Philadelphia.

ASTONISHING SUCCESS.—It is the duty of every person who has used BOSCHEE'S GERMAN SYRUP to let its wonderful qualities be known to their friends in curing Consumption, severe Coughs, Cronp, Asthma, Pneumonia, and in fact all throat and lung diseases. No person can use it without immediate relief Three doses will relieve any case, and we consider it the duty of all Druggists to recommend it to the poor dying consumptive, at least to try one bottle, as 40,000 dozen bottles were sold last year, and no one case where it was reported. Such a Medicine as the GERMAN SYRUP cannot be too widely known. Ask your Druggist about it. Sample Bottles to try sold at 10 cents. Regular size 75 cents. For sale by Adkisson & Co., Middletown, and H. P. Baker, Odessa, Del.

Business Locals.

Go to R. M. & W T. Johnson's, Middletown, for a neat and cheap job of repairing.

Hams, Shoulders, Sides, Beef (smoked), at S. M. REYNOLDS'.

Noyes Improved Harness Dressing, at LINDLEY & KEMP'S.

All kinds of Plow Castings at LINDLEY & KEMPS'.

Grain Cradles, Grass Scythes and Snathes, at LINDLEY & KEMP'S.

Mr. Gustave Lederlund, our cutter, came to us from one of the most fashionable merchant tailoring houses on Chestnut street, Philadelphia. REYNOLDS & CO.

Large assortment of Water Coolers, cheap At LINDLEY & KEMP'S

We guarantee perfect fits and satisfaction, or no sale, in our custom work. REYNOLDS & CO.

Harness and Sole Leather, Rings, Buckles, Awls, Thread and Wax, Sheep Skins, at LINDLEY & KEMP'S.

Get your Tin-ware repaired at Middletown Stove House.

Harness and Machine Oils, at LINDLEY & KEMP'S.

Fresh Prunes, Raisins, Dried Apples and Peaches, at S. M. REYNOLDS'.

New lot of Cook Stoves just received at LINDLEY & KEMP'S.

The best Hedge Knives, at LINDLEY & KEMP'S.

Lubricating and Lard Oils for Machines and Farming Implements, cheap, at LINDLEY & KEMP'S.

All kinds of Plow Castings, at LINDLEY & KEMP'S.

Weaner for Calves and Colts, something new and good. Call and see them at LINDLEY & KEMP'S.

A large lot just received of Boughton's Adjustable Mosqueto and Fly Screens, at LINDLEY & KEMP'S.

A choice Rio Coffee, green, 25 cents, roasted 25 cents, CASH, at S. M. REYNOLDS'.

Stove repairs of all kinds at LINDLEY & KEMP'S.

Guns and Pistols repaired at LINDLEY KEMP'S.

Shells for Breech Loading Guns, Baltimore Shot, Powder, Wads and Caps, at LINDLEY & KEMP'S.

Noyes' Improved Harness Dressing, At LINDLEY & KEMP'S.

Paper Collars 15 and 20 cts per box, at S. M. REYNOLDS'.

Hardware, Stoves and Tinware at LINDLEY & KEMP.

New Orleans and Porto Rico Molasses Choice Sugar Loaf Drips and Sugar House Syrups, at S. M. REYNOLDS'.

Slate Mantles, all kinds and prices, at LINDLEY & KEMP'S.

Gents' White Lawn Ties, four for 25 cents. At S. M. REYNOLDS'.

Slocomb Mince Meat, Cranberries, Raisins, Citron, Prunes, etc., at S. M. REYNOLDS'.

All kind of Lamp goods, at LINDLEY & KEMP'S.

Large assortment of Table and Pocket Knives, at LINDLEY & KEMP'S.

Perry's celebrated Fire Place Heater, at LINDLEY & KEMP'S.

Rope Yarn, Rope Yarn, Rope Yarn, at LINDLEY & KEMP'S.

Harness Leather, Rings, Buckles and Sheep Skins, at LINDLEY & KEMP'S.

Star Skirt Braids 7 cents Cash, at S. M. REYNOLDS'.

Diamond State S. & L. Co.

STOP AND SEE THE CHANGE.

PRICE

Boots, Shoes

HATS, CAPS,

AND CLOTHING

elsewhere, and then try

No. 1, Town Hall,

R. M. & W. T. JOHNSON'S

Old Stand, Middletown, Del.

WE guarantee to furnish any thing in the above line fifteen to twenty per cent. below our competitors.

JUST RECEIVED a splendid line of Ladies', Misses' and Children's Morocco Button and Laced Shoes.

A Complete Assortment of Infants' Shoes at Extremely low figures.

A Full and Handsome Line of Men's Congress and Button Gaiters, in Buff and Calf, on the latest style lasts.

MEN'S and BOYS' Heavy Winter Boots in variety, at bottom prices.

CUSTOM WORK.

WE will make the following special rates to the citizens of this community for the Fall months, on measured work:

FIRST-CLASS HAND-MADE

KIP BOOTS.

Pegged	*Clinch-Screw*	*Sewed*
$5 00.	$5 50.	$6 00.

SHOEMAKERS in other localities buy the uppers of us and sell the Boots at Six and Seven Dollars.

AMERICAN CALF (such as Upper Dealers use for French) BOOTS

Pegged	*Sewed*	*Stitched*
$5 50.	$6 00.	$7 00.

GAITERS, Button or Congress.

Pegged	*Sewed*	*Stitched*
$4 50.	$5 00.	$6 00.

These Goods are always made up as "French"

REAL FRENCH (Mercier) STOCK

Sewed	*Stitched*
$7 00.	$8 00.

GAITERS, Button or Congress.

Sewed	*Stitched*
$5 50.	$6 50.

In shape and style equal to city made.

LADIES, MISSES' & CHILDRENS'

Button,	$3 50	$2 50	$2 00
Laced	2 50	2 00	1 50

Your choice of material, except French Kid.

We let the Boston One-Price Clothing House speak for themselves.

DIAMOND STATE S. & L. CO.

October 20-tjan1

Business Locals.

Get your Tin-Ware repaired at the Middletown Stove House. LINDLEY & KEMP.

Harness and Machine Oils at LINDLEY & KEMP'S.

Lubricating and Lard Oils for Machines and Farming Implements, cheap, at LINDLEY & KEMP'S.

4000 lbs. new Tar Rope Yarn for tying Fodder at S. M. Reynolds'.

In Ladies' Dress Goods, we have an excellent assortment, and cannot be undersold. Call and examine. M. L. HARDCASTLE, Lockwood's Corner, Middletown, Del.

Fine Segars, sold at two and a half cents, which were formerly sold at five cents apiece. M. L. HARDCASTLE, Lockwood's Corner, Middletown, Del.

Slate Mantels, in Egyptian, Tennessee, Verde Antique, Corsican Green, and many other colors, at ELIASON & BENSON'S.

A full line of Gentlemen's Furnishing Goods. A Specialty. Just received and for sale low by M. L. HARDCASTLE, Lockwood's Corner, Middletown, Del.

Large assortment of Pistols, cheap, at LINDLEY & KEMP'S.

A fresh full stock of Infant's Shoes, in No. 1 Town Hall.

First-class Ladies', Misses and Children's Pebble Button and Lace Shoes, just received at No. 1 Town Hall.

New Style Men's Gaiters, at No. 1 Town Hall.

REYNOLDS & CO. have the finest lot of Hats ever brought to this market, but they sell them at low prices.

New lot of Cook Stoves just received, at LINDLEY & KEMP'S.

Men's fine calf Dress Boots, double and single sole, at $4 00, 4 50 and 5 00. Also, calf Congress Gaiters at $1 25, 1 50, 1 75, 2 50 3 00 and 4 00, at S. M. REYNOLDS'.

If you want a *nice* suit of Clothes for a small amount of money, go to REYNOLDS & CO.

New lot of Parlor Stoves and Heaters, at LINDLEY & KEMP'S. Call and see them.

Ladies' 2-Button KID GLOVES, all colors, *warranted.* Every pair that rips or bursts, exchanged for new ones. $1 per pair. S. M. REYNOLDS.

If you like your clothes to fit well, and want to avoid the extravagant prices charged for custom work in the cities, go to REYNOLDS & CO.

Stove repairs of all kinds, at LINDLEY & KEMP'S.

FACTS VS. FICTION.

Delaware State Fire and Marine Insurance Company,

Of Delaware City, Del.

Has in two years written Two Thousand Policies, Insuring over Two Millions of Dollars in the State of Delaware and on the Eastern shore of Maryland, and have accumulated over $150,000 in Premium Notes; and in the last twelve months have paid the following claims for Losses by Fire:—

Wm. L. Moore, Seaford, Del.	$1387 67
Wm. S. Holland, Whaleysville, Md.	125 00
A. B. Robinson & Co., Milton, Del.	500 00
T. G. Wiley, Bridgeville, Del.	312 50
Wm. T. Darby, Riverton, Md.	62 66
Collins & Townsend, Stockton, Md.	80 58
Wm. N. Sterling, Chrisfield, Md.	28 00
Jehue Payne, Federalsburg, Md.	525 00
Jos. N. Wainwright, Seaford, Del.	407 52
Tomlinson & Burton, Milton, Del.	1019 00
H. Callaway, Harrington, Del.	11 50
Wm. T. Case, Harrington, Del.	375 00
Besides return Premiums for cancelled Policies,	10,140 00
For Taxes & License in Del. & Md	1,200 49
Total	$16,175 75

in addition to paying the expenses of starting, instructing and supplying nearly one hundred agents. This has been done without any assessment on the company's premium notes.

FACTS TALK PLAINER THAN WORDS.

For Insurance or information write to the Secretary at Delaware City. All orders for Insurance by mail promptly attended.

JAS. H. MYERS, Secretary.

sep29-3m

Boston Clothing House.

GRAND OPENING

OF THE

BOSTON BRANCH

ONE-PRICE

Clothing House,

AT

Johnson Bro's. Boot & Shoe Store,

No. 1, TOWN HALL,

Middletown, Del.

IMMENSE STOCK OF

CLOTHING

FOR

Men, Youths, Boys & Children

OF THE

LATEST STYLES

AND THE

Very Lowest Prices.

EVERY ARTICLE is marked in plain figures the price it sells for. All treated alike. One price to all. Below we quote some of our prices. Fall and Winter

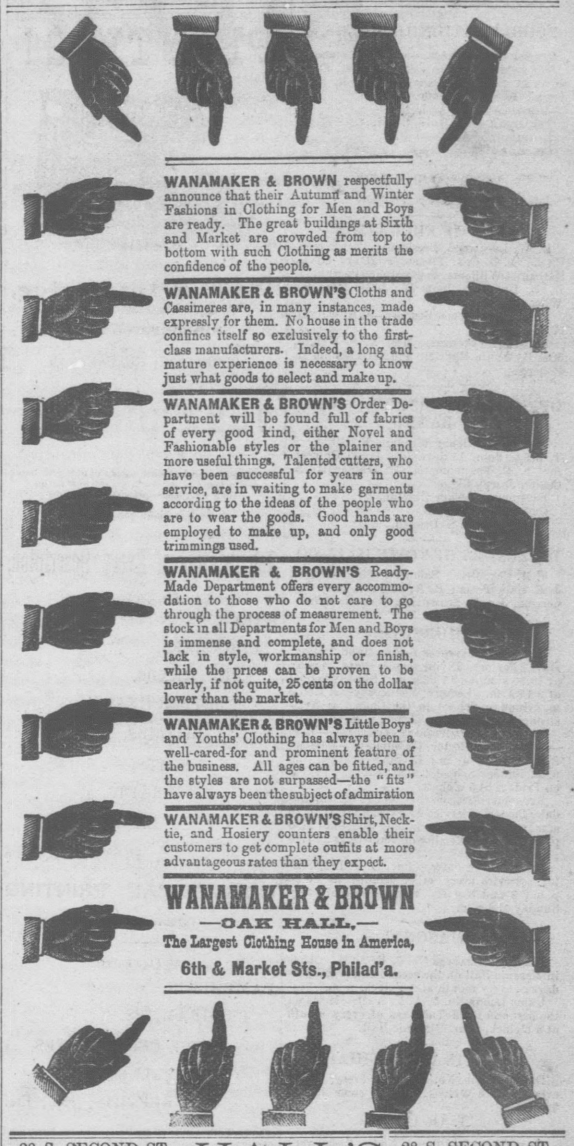
Overcoats, from	$4 00 to $20 00
Men's Suits, from	$6 00 *to* $25 00
Youths' Suits, from	$6 00 *to* $20 00
Boys' Suits, from	$5 00 *to* $15 00
Children's Suits, from	$2 00 *to* $10 00
White Bosom Shirts	50 *cts. to* $1 50
Working Shirts, from	50 *cts. to* $2 00
Under-Shirts, from	25 *cts. to* $2 00
Overhalls, from	35 *cts. to* 75 *cts.*
Two Linen Collars,	25 *cts.*
One Pair of Linen Cuffs,	25 *cts.*

ALL GOODS IN THE SAME PROPORTION.

P. S.—Samples of Goods will be kept for your inspection, and measures taken if you are suited, and a perfect fit guaranteed.

V. E. HOLMES,
October 20-tjan1 Proprietor

Wanamaker & Brown's Clothing House.



WANAMAKER & BROWN respectfully announce that their Autumn and Winter Fashions in Clothing for Men and Boys are ready. The great buildings at Sixth and Market are crowded from top to bottom with such Clothing as merits the confidence of the people.

WANAMAKER & BROWN'S Cloths and Cassimeres are, in many instances, made expressly for them. No house in the trade confines itself so exclusively to the first-class manufacturers. Indeed, a long and mature experience is necessary to know just what goods to select and make up.

WANAMAKER & BROWN'S Order Department will be found full of fabrics of every good kind, either Novel and Fashionable styles or the plainer and more useful things. Talented cutters, who have been successful for years in our service, are in waiting to make garments according to the ideas of the people who are to wear the goods. Good hands are employed to make up, and only good trimmings used.

WANAMAKER & BROWN'S Ready-Made Department offers every accommodation to those who do not care to go through the process of measurement. The stock in all Departments for Men and Boys is immense and complete, and does not lack in style, workmanship or finish, while the prices can be proven to be nearly, if not quite, 25 cents on the dollar lower than the market.

WANAMAKER & BROWN'S Little Boys' and Youths' Clothing has always been a well-cared-for and prominent feature of the business. All ages can be fitted, and the styles are not surpassed—the "fits" have always been the subject of admiration

WANAMAKER & BROWN'S Shirt, Necktie, and H

Middletown Directory.

CORPORATION OFFICERS.

JUSTICE OF THE PEACE.—James B. Naudain.
TOWN COMMISSIONERS.—R. H. Foster, President; S. S. Holten, Secretary; J. R. Hall, Joseph Geary, 1 vacancy.
ASSESSOR.—C. E. Anderson.
TREASURER.—W. R. Rothwell.
LAMPLIGHTER.—F. Schreitz.
CHIEF OF POLICE.—W. R. Rothwell.

NOTARY PUBLIC.

John A. Reynolds.

BOARD OF EDUCATION.

E. W. Lockwood, President; Wm. Green, Clesk; A. G. Cox, Treasurer; Henry Davis, Nathaniel Williams, Capt. Samuel Penington, D. L. Dunning, John W. Jolls, Geo. W. Wilson.
PRINCIPAL OF PUBLIC SCHOOLS.—A. S. Wright, A. M.
ASSISTANT TEACHERS.—Mrs. A. S. Wright, Miss R. Annie Maxwell and Miss Annie M. Roberts.

OFFICERS OF CITIZENS' NAT'L BANK.

DIRECTORS.—Henry Clayton, B. Gibbs, B. T. Biggs, John A. Reynolds, James Culbertson, E. C. Fenimore, M. E. Walker, J. B. Cazier, Joseph Biggs.
PRESIDENT.—Henry Clayton,
CASHIER.—J. R. Hall.
TELLER.—John S. Crouch.

DIRECTORS OF TOWN HALL CO.

J. M. Cox, Pres.; Samuel Penington, Sec.; J. R. Hall, Treas.; R. A. Cochran, Jas. Culbertson, Jas. H. Scowdrick, Wm. H. Barr.

CHURCHES.

FOREST PRESBYTERIAN.—Rev. John Patton, D. D., Pastor. Divine service every Sunday at 10.30 a. m. and 7.00 p. m. Sunday School at 9.15 a. m. Lecture Wednesdays at 7.00 p. m. Sunday School in the Chapel at Armstrong's every Sunday at 2.00 p. m.
ST. ANNE'S PROTESTANT EPISCOPAL.—Rev. _____, Rector. On Sundays—Morning Prayer, 10.30 a. m.; Evening Prayer, 7.30 p. m. Sunday School, 9 a. m. Evening Prayer on Fridays at 5 o'clock.
METHODIST EPISCOPAL.—Rev. T. E. Martindale, Pastor. Service every Sunday at 10.30 a. m. and 7.30 p. m. Sunday School at 2.30 p. m. Prayer Meeting on Thursdays at 7.30 p. m.
COLORED METHODIST.—Rev. F. J. Lee, Pastor. Service every other Sunday at 10.30 p. m.; 3 and 8 p. m. Sunday School every Sunday at 1 p. m.

MASONIC.

ADONIRAM CHAPTER No. 5, R. A. M. Meets in Masonic Hall on the second and fourth Fridays of every month at 8 o'clock, p. m.
UNION LODGE No. 5, A. F. A. M. Meets on the first and third Tuesdays of every month at 8 o'clock, p. m. Masonic Hall.

KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS.

DAMON LODGE, No. 12 Meets every Friday evening at 8 o'clock. Lodge room in the Town Hall.

I. O. O. F.

GOOD SAMARITAN LODGE, No 9. Meets every Thursday evening at 7½ o'clk. Lodge Room in Cochran Hall, No. 2, Cochran Square.

BUILDING AND LOAN.

MUTUAL LOAN ASSOCIATION OF MIDDLETOWN.—Jas. H. Scowdrick, Pres.; A. G. Cox, Secretary. Meets on the third Tuesday of every month at 8 o'clock, p. m.

AGRICULTURAL ASSOCIATION.

PENINS. AGRICULTURAL AND POMOLOGICAL ASSOCIATION.—Wm. R. Cochran, President and Chairman of Board of Managers; J. B. Naudain, Secretary. Annual Meeting fourth Saturday in January. Next annual fair will be held on October 3d, 4th and 5th, 1877.

DIAMOND STATE BRASS BAND.

Meets for practice every Monday evening at 8 o'clock.

DELAWARE RAILROAD.

Passenger trains going North leave at 7.54 a m and 3.16 p m; going South at 10.42 am, and 7.38 p m. Freight trains with passenger car attached, going North, leave at 9.05 p m; going South, at 6.25 a m.

POST OFFICE.

OFFICE HOURS.—Opens at 6 30 a m and closes at 9 p m every day except Sunday
Mails for the North close at 7.15 a m, and 3.00 p m.
Mail for the South closes at 10 15 a m.
Mails for Odessa close at 10.23 a m and 7.30 p m.
Mails for Warwick, Sassafras and Cecilton close at 10.23 a m.
D. L. DUNNING, P. M.

STAGE LINES.

Stage for Odessa, with U. S. Mail, leaves shortly after arrival of the 10.42 am and 7.38 p m mail trains.
Stages for Warwick, Sassafras and Cecilton leave shortly after arrival of the 10.42 a m train.

HEIFERS TO ARRIVE AND FOR SALE.

On and after Wednesday next I will have for sale a car load of high grade and thoroughbred Short Horns. L. P. McDOWELL.
October 27-3t

A CARD.

MISS ELLA LORD (a pupil of Prof. Carl Gaertner), is prepared to give thorough instruction on the Piano and Organ, in Middletown and Odessa. A limited number of pupils will be taken. Terms reasonable. Apply to Mrs. W. Lippincott, Middletown, Del.,
MISS ELLA LORD,
ag 11-3t Odessa, Del.

NOTICE.—A meeting of the Trustees of the Poor of New Castle county will be held at the Almshouse, on Wednesday, the 31st day of October, 1877, at 10 o'clock, a. m. Those having bills against the institution will please hand them to the Commissioners for their handred, or the Treasurer.
JOHN W. EVANS,
October 20-td Clerk.

Northern Central Hotel.

Opposite Northern Central Depot
No 125 NORTH CALVERT ST.,
Baltimore, Md.

RUN by an old Delawarean. Delaware people will find a clean bed, nice room and plenty to eat. Terms, $1 50 per day. Accommodations first-class.
H. P. READING,
October 20, 1877. Proprietor.

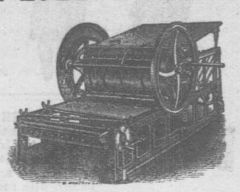
REGISTER'S ORDER.

REGISTER'S OFFICE,
New Castle County, August 20th, 1877.
Upon the application of James R. Pryor, Administrator of Jeremiah Pryor, late of Blackbird Hundred, in said County, deceased, it is ordered and directed by the Register that the Administrator aforesaid, give notice of granting Letters of Administration upon the Estate of the deceased, with the date of granting thereof, by causing advertisements to be posted within forty days from the date of such Letters, in six of the most public places of the county of New Castle, requiring all persons having demands against the estate to present the same or abide by an Act of Assembly in such case made and provided. And also cause the same to be inserted within the same period in the MIDDLETOWN TRANSCRIPT, a newspaper published in Middletown, and to be continued therein two months.
Given under the hand and Seal of Office of the Register aforesaid, at New Castle, in New Castle county aforesaid, the day and year above written.
{L.S.}
S. C. BIGGS, Register.

NOTICE!
All persons having claims against the Estate of the deceased, must present the same duly attested to the Administrator, on or before the 20th day of August, 1878, or abide the Act of Assembly in such case made and provided.
JAMES R. PRYOR,
Administrator
Address—Massey's X Roads, Md.

Job Printing.

PRINTING!



Transcript Office,

MIDDLETOWN, DEL.,

BOOK, CARD AND GENERAL

JOB PRINTING.

Having just added another supply of new and handsome types to our stock, we are now better than ever before prepared to execute promptly, neatly and at moderate prices

Job Printing of Every Descripton,

—SUCH AS—

CARDS,
CIRCULARS,
BILL HEADS,
LETTER HEADS
CHEQUES,
NOTES,
DRAFTS,
LABELS,
DODGERS, AND
COMMERCIAL PRINTING
GENERALLY.

—WE ALSO PRINT—

PAMPHLETS,
PROGRAMMES,
STOCK CERTIFICATES,
CATALOGUES,
REPORTS, Etc., Etc.

And cordially invite all persons who may have need of any of these things, or any style or kind of printing, to favor us with a call and learn our prices. We give especial attention to the printing of

POSTERS,
SALE BILLS,

Etc., which for attractiveness and beauty we think cannot be surpassed, if equalled, anywhere else. Having every facility for the prosecution of the

PRINTING BUSINESS,

in all its varied details we respectfully solicit the patronage of our friends and the public.

OUR PRESSES

are the latest improved kind while our stock of display TYPES, CUTS, &c., cannot be surpassed by any office on the peninsula. Employing skilled workmen and giving our own personal and constant attention to our business, we feel satisfied of our ability to give satisfaction to all who may favor us with orders, and invite an examination of the style and quality of our work.

Orders by mail, or otherwise, will receive prompt attention.

E. REYNOLDS.

TOWNSEND HOUSE,

Opposite Rail Road Depot,
TOWNSEND, DELAWARE.

I am prepared to accommodate permanent and transient guests at reasonable rates.
The Bar is at all times stocked with the choicest ines, Liquors, Tobaccos and Segars.
A fine Livery is also attached to the Hotel, where teams are to be had at reasonable rates.
Come and See Me.
WM. B. HOLLIS,
April 8- Proprietor

REGISTER'S ORDER.

REGISTER'S OFFICE,
New Castle County, August 8th, 1877.
Upon the application of JACOB B. CAZIER, Executor of SARAH J. CAZIER, late of Pencader Hundred in said County, deceased, it is ordered and directed by the Register that the Executor aforesaid, give notice of granting of Letters Testamentary upon the Estate of the deceased, with the date of granting thereof, by causing advertisements to be posted within forty days from the date of such Letters, in six of the most public places in the County of New Castle, requiring all persons having demands against the Estate, to present the same or abide by an Act of Assembly in such case made and provided; and also cause the same to be inserted within the same period in the MIDDLETOWN TRANSCRIPT a newspaper published in Middletown, and to be continued therein two months.
Given under the hand and Seal of Office of the Register aforesaid, at New Castle, in New Castle County, aforesaid, the day and year above written.
{L.S.}
S. C BIGGS, Register.

NOTICE.
All persons having claims against the Estate of the deceased must present the same duly attested to the Executor on or before August 8th, 1878, or abide the Act of Assembly in such case made and provided.
JACOB B. CAZIER, Executor.
Address—Kirkwood, Del.

REGISTER'S ORDER.

REGISTER'S OFFICE,
New Castle County, August 4th, 1877.
Upon the application of George M. D. Hart, Administrator of David Deputy, late of Appoquinimink Hundred, in said County, dec'd, it is ordered and directed by the Register that the Administrator aforesaid, give notice of the granting of Letters of Administration upon the Estate of the deceased, with the date of granting thereof, by causing advertisements to be posted, within forty days from the date of such Letters, in six of the most public places of the County of New Castle, requiring all persons having demands against the Estate to present the same or abide an Act of Assembly in such case made and provided; and also cause the same to be inserted within the same period in the MIDDLETOWN TRANSCRIPT, a newspaper published in Middletown, and to be continued therein two months.
Given under the hand and Seal of Office of the Register aforesaid, at New Castle, in New Castle County aforesaid, the day and year above written.
{L.S.}
S. C. BIGGS, Register.

NOTICE.
All persons having claims against the Estate of the deceased must present the same, duly attested, to the Administrator, on or before August 4th, 1878, or abide the Act of Assembly in such case made and provided.
GEORGE M. D. HART, Adm'r
Address—Townsend, Del.

HAIR! HAIR! HAIR!

Ladies go to MRS. A. M. MEDCALF, quarter of a mile from Middletown, on Mr. Wm. Brady's farm, where you can get

ALL KINDS OF HAIR WORK

made to order.

COMBINGS WORKED UP INTO PUFFS.
BRAIDS, CURLS, or FRIZZES,
Also, Stamping on Muslin or Flannel.

Applications for License.

NOTICE.—I, John D. Paulin, in compliance with the requirements of the Act of Assembly in such case made and provided, do hereby give notice that I shall apply to the judges of the Court of General Sessions of the Peace and Jail Delivery of the State of Delaware, in and for the county of New Castle, on Monday, the 19th day of November next, being the first day of the November term, A.D., 1877, for a license to keep an inn or tavern known as the Odessa Hotel, in the town of Odessa, School District, No. 61, East St. Georges Hundred, New Castle county, State of Delaware, to sell intoxicating liquors in less quantities than one quart, to be drunk on the premises, and the following respectable citizens recommend the said application, to-wit:

William Polk,	William A. Cochran,
William Dudley,	Frank Dugan,
C. Watkins,	Frank J. Pennington,
S. M. Enos,	M. Gremminger,
R. L. Mailly,	Minor O. Harvey,
J. L. Gibson,	F. A. Hyatt,
R. W. Cochran,	Leonard Gilch.

JOHN D. PAULIN.
Odessa, Del., October 20, 1877.-3t

NOTICE.—I, Benjamin D. Longland, of the town of St. Georges, New Castle county, and State of Delaware, do hereby give notice that I intend to make application to the Court of General Sessions of the Peace and Jail Delivery in and for New Castle county, at its next session, which will be holden at New Castle in the county and State aforesaid, on Monday, the 19th day of November, 1877, for a license to keep an inn or tavern, and to sell liquors in less quantities than one quart to be drunk on the premises, at, and in the house now occupied by me, and situate on the main street of said town of St. Georges, being in School District, No. 58 Red Lion Hundred, New Castle county, State of Delaware. This application will be made by me on Monday the 19th day of November, A.D., 1877, that being the first day of the term of said Court of General Sessions of the Peace and Jail Delivery of the State of Delaware, in and for New Castle county. The names of the respectable citizens recommending my said application, are:

A. M. Biddle,	James Garman,
John O. Stuckert,	James Aspril,
Henry R. Stroub,	James T. McWhorter,
Albert O. Newton,	A. G. Osborne,
H. H. Davis,	William H. Stuckert,
C. H. McWhorter,	J. B. How,
Andrew Reutter,	A. N. Sutton,
Clayton M. Riley,	H. C. Clark,
A. D. D. Taylor,	J. W. DeWitt,
William H. Newton,	J. F. Reybold.

BENJAMIN D. LONGLAND.
St. Georges, Oct 12, 1877-3t

NOTICE.—I, BENJAMIN M. CRAWFORD, Jr., of Middletown, New Castle County and State of Delaware, do hereby give notice that I intend to make application to the Court of the General Sessions of the Peace and Jail Delivery of the State of Delaware, in and for New Castle County, on the first day of its next term, which will commence and be held at New Castle, in New Castle County, aforesaid, on Monday, the 19th day of November, A. D. 1877, for a license to keep an inn, or tavern, and to sell intoxicating liquors in less quantities than one quart, to be drunk on the premises, at and in the house now occupied by me as part owner and sole tenant, and known as the "National Hotel." The location of said house wherein I propose to keep an inn, or tavern, is in United School District Nos. 60 and 94, in New Castle County, aforesaid, and on the Northeast corner of Main and Wood Streets, in the said town of Middletown.
The names of the respectable citizens recommending my said application, are:

Sewell Jones.	Frank Eliason.
J. H. Walker.	Isaac Jones, Jr.
Geo. Echenhofer.	J. F. Eliason.
S. M. Reynolds.	Ed. W. Lockwood.
J. B. Foard.	Joseph W. Gary.
W. A. Comegys,	Wm. Brady.
G. W. Price.	R. A. Cochran.
R. E. Smith.	Nath'l Williams.
R. H. Foster.	W. H. N. Hope.
J. K. Long.	E. R. Cochran.

BENJAMIN F. CRAWFORD.
October 10th, 1877.-3t

NOTICE.—I, ALEXANDER MAXWELL, of Middletown, New Castle County and State of Delaware, do hereby give notice that I intend to make application to the Court of General Sessions of the Peace and Jail Delivery of the State of Delaware, in and for New Castle County, on the first day of its next term, which will commence and be held at New Castle, in New Castle County, aforesaid, on Monday, the 19th day of November, A.D. 1877, for a license to keep an inn, or tavern, and to sell intoxicating liquors in less quantities than one quart, to be drunk on the premises, at and in the house now occupied by me as tenant, and known as the "Middletown Hotel." The location of said house wherein I propose to keep an inn, or tavern, is in United School District Nos. 60 and 94, in New Castle County aforesaid, and near the corner of Main and Broad Streets, in the said town of Middletown.
The names of the respectable citizens recommending my said application, are

R. H. Foster.	Geo Echenhoffer.
John W. Hayes.	R. A. Cochran.
W. H. N. Hope.	J. B. Naudain.
Frank Eliason.	Isaac Jones, Jr.
Joseph W. Gary.	E. R. Cochran.
J. B. Foard.	W. A. Comegys.
Sewell Jones.	J. H. Walker.
Wm. Brady.	Geo. W. Price.
J. F. Eliason.	Nath'l Williams.
Edw. W. Lockwood.	

ALEX. MAXWELL.
Oct. 10th, 1877-3t

FIRST PREMIUM

CARRIAGES.

We will now sell our large stock of Carriages, new and second hand, at greatly reduced rates, in order to make room for Spring Stock.

Now is the time to get a Good Carriage for a small amount of money.

J. M. COX & BRO.,
Middletown, Del.
oct 20-1m

AGENTS WANTED $50 to $200 Per Month.
A New, Clear and Concise
UNIVERSAL HISTORY
Commencing with the earliest periods, closing March 1877. 3 volumes of the World's great, Grand History in one. **Ancient, Middle Ages, and Modern,** including history of *Centennial Exhibition, Inauguration of President Hayes,* and *Turkish difficulties.* A book of thrilling interest and universal need. Sells faster than any other. Beautiful illustrations, low prices, quick sales, extra terms, circulars free. Address **J. C. McCURDY & CO.**, Philadelphia, Pa.; Cincinnati, O.; Chicago, Ill., St Louis, Mo. jy7-4m

TODD, RILEY & CO.,

General Commission Merchants,
AND DEALERS IN
Foreign Fruits,
NO. 503 KING ST.,
WILMINGTON, DEL

Consignments solicited. Cash returns every week when goods sold.

By consent we refer to the following gentlemen:
Ex-Gov. Ponder, Chas. B. Lore, Attorney, McLear & Kendall, Prof. Harkness, A. A. Capelle, of Capelle Bro., Geo. W. Vernon, Editor of Republican, Hart & Bro., Pork Packers, Wilmington, Del.; J. C. McNaughlon, Swinker & Beggs, James T. Stewart, Commission Merchants, Philadelphia, Pa. sept 22-6m

Register's Orders.

REGISTER'S ORDER.

REGISTER'S OFFICE,
New Castle County, October 17th, 1877.
Upon the application of Isaac W. Vandegrift, Administrator of Isaac H. Vandegrift, late of St. Georges Hundred, in said county, dec'd, it is ordered and directed by the Register that the Administrator aforesaid, give notice of granting of Letters of Administration upon the Estate of the deceased, with the date of granting thereof, by causing advertisements to be posted within forty days from the date of such Letters, in six of the most public places of the county of New Castle, requiring all persons having demands against the Estate, to present the same or abide by an Act of Assembly in such case made and provided. And also cause the same to be inserted within the same period in the MIDDLETOWN TRANSCRIPT, a newspaper published in Middletown, and to be continued therein two months.
Given under the hand and Seal of Office of the Register aforesaid, at New Castle, in New Castle county, aforesaid, the day and year above written.
{L.S.}
S. C. BIGGS, Register.

NOTICE!
All persons having claims against the Estate of the deceased, must present the same duly attested to the Administrator, on or before the 17th day of October, 1878, or abide the Act of Assembly in such case made and provided.
ISAAC W. VANDEGBIFT,
Address—McDonough, Del. [oc27] Adm'r.

REGISTER'S ORDER.

REGISTER'S OFFICE,
New Castle county, Sept. 22d, 1877.
Upon the application of Anna M. Boyer, Executrix of EDWARD BOYER, late of St. Georges Hundred in said county, deceased, it is ordered and directed by the Register that the Executrix aforesaid, give notice of granting of Letters Testamentary upon the Estate of the deceased, with the date of granting thereof, by causing advertisements to be posted within forty days from the date of such Letters, in six of the most public places of the County of New Castle, requiring all persons having demands against the Estate, to present the same or abide by an Act of Assembly in such case made and provided. And also cause the same to be inserted within the same period in the MIDDLETOWN TRANSCRIPT, a newspaper published in Middletown, and to be continued therein two months.
Given under the hand and Seal of Office of the Register aforesaid, at New Castle, in New Castle county, aforesaid, the day and year above written.
{L.S.}
S. C. BIGGS, Register.

NOTICE.
All persons having claims against the Estate of the deceased must present the same duly attested to the Executrix, on or before the 22d day of September, A. D., 1878, or abide the Act of Assembly in such case made and provided.
ANNA M. BOYER.
Address—MIDDLETOWN,

REGISTER'S ORDER.

REGISTER'S OFFICE,
New Castle County, Sept. 12th, 1877
Upon the application of Sylvester W. Clement, Executor of Joseph H. Reynolds, late of Red Lion Hundred in said county, deceased, it is ordered and directed by the Register that the Executor aforesaid, give notice of granting of Letters of Testamentary upon the Estate of the deceased, with the date of granting thereof, by causing advertisements to be posted within forty days from the date of such Letters, in six of the most public places of the county of New Castle, requiring all persons having demands against the Estate, to present the same or abide by an Act of Assembly in such case made and provided. And also cause the same to be inserted within the same period in the MIDDLETOWN TRANSCRIPT a newspaper published in Middletown, and to be continued therein two months.
Given under the hand and Seal of Office of the Register aforesaid, at New Castle, in New Castle county, aforesaid, the day and year above written.
{L.S.}
S. C. BIGGS, Register.

NOTICE.
ALL persons having claims against the Estate of the deceased, must present the same duly attested to the Executor on or before the 12th day of September, 1878, or abide the Act of Assembly in such case made and provided.
SYLVESTER W. CLEMENT,
Address—SUMMIT BRIDGE, DEL. Ex'r.

REGISTER'S ORDER.

REGISTER'S OFFICE,
New Castle County, August 23d, 1877.
Upon the application of Jennie V. Parry, Administratrix of Edward M. Parry, late of St. Georges Hundred, in said county, deceased, it is ordered and directed by the Register that the Administratrix aforesaid, give notice of granting of Letters of Administration upon the Estate of the deceased, with the date of granting thereof, by causing advertisements to be posted within forty days from the date of such Letters, in six of the most public places of the county of New Castle, requiring all persons having demands against the estate to present the same or abide by an Act of Assembly in such case made and provided. And also cause the same to be inserted within the same period in the MIDDLETOWN TRANSCRIPT, a newspaper published in Middletown, and to be continued therein two months.
Given under my hand and Seal of Office of the Register aforesaid, at New Castle, in New Castle County aforesaid, the day and year above written.
{L.S.}
S. C. BIGGS, Register.

NOTICE!
All persons having claims against the Estate of the deceased, must present the same duly attested to the Admidistratrix on or before August 23d, 1878, or abide the Act of Assembly in such case made and provided.
JENNIE V. PARRY,
Address—Woodstown, N. J. Adm'x.

Miscellaneous Advs.

Lumber AND Hardware.

G. E. HUKILL
Successor to
J. B. FENIMORE & CO.,
Opposite the R. R. Depot,
MIDDLETOWN, DELAWARE,
DEALER IN ALL KINDS OF
Lumber, Hardware, and General Building Material, Sash, Doors, Shutters, Blinds, and Mouldings, Paints, Oils, Varnishes, Glass and Putty, Bricks, Building Lime, Hair, Etc.
Constantly on hand.
—ALSO—
AVERILL CHEMICAL PAINT,
AND
The Globe Mixed Paint.
(Ready-Mixed.)

"Blatchley's" Celebrated Cucumber Wood Pumps, and "Grafton" Cucumber Wood Pumps. These are the two best Cucumber Wood Pumps in the market.
I desire particularly to call special attention to the "Globe Mixed Paint." Nothing "on the globe," or, "under the sun," can excel it for beauty of finish, durability and cheapness. I guarantee it equal to any paint that is made, and cheaper. Send for color-card and prices, before buying elsewhere.
Feb 5-

J. MEIER & BRO.,

MERCHANT TAILORS,
S. E. COR, SECOND AND ARCH STS.,
PHILADELPHIA,
Have in Stock a full line of
Fine Overcoatings, Suitings, Cassimeres, and Vestings
Of the newest designs for FALL and WINTER wear, which will be made to order in the latest styles and best manner. Special attention given to Dress Suits.
CALL AND EXAMINE OUR STOCK
oct 10-tf

The Fair is over, and now the next place to go to is Reynolds & Co's. new Clothing House in Middletown and see the handsome new styles they offer.

Miscellaneous Adv'ts.

GLENN'S
SULPHUR SOAP.

A STERLING REMEDY FOR DISEASES AND INJURIES OF THE SKIN; A HEALTHFUL BEAUTIFIER OF THE COMPLEXION; A RELIABLE MEANS OF PREVENTING AND RELIEVING RHEUMATISM AND GOUT, AND AN UNEQUALED DISINFECTANT, DEODORIZER AND COUNTER-IRRITANT.

Glenn's Sulphur Soap, besides eradicating local diseases of the skin, banishes defects of the complexion, and imparts to it gratifying clearness and smoothness.

Sulphur Baths are celebrated for curing eruptions and other diseases of the skin, as well as Rheumatism and Gout. ***Glenn's Sulphur Soap*** produces the same effects at a most trifling expense. This admirable specific also speedily heals *sores, bruises, scalds, burns, sprains* and *cuts*. It removes dandruff and prevents the hair from falling out and turning gray.

Clothing and linen used in the sick room is disinfected, and diseases communicable by contact with the person, prevented by it.

The Medical Fraternity sanction its use.

Prices—25 and 50 Cents per Cake; per Box (3 Cakes), 60c. and $1.20.

N. B.—Buy the large cakes and thereby economize. Sold by all Druggists.

"HILL'S HAIR AND WHISKER DYE,"
Black or Brown, 50 Cents.
C. H. CRITTENTON, Prop'r, 7 Sixth Av., N.Y.

Established 1866.
GILMORE & CO., Attorneys at Law,
Successors to Chipman, Hosmer & Co.,
629 F Street, Washington, D. C.
American and Foreign Patents.

Patents procured in all countries. NO FEES IN ADVANCE. No charge unless the patent is granted. No fees for making preliminary examinations. No additional fees for obtaining and conducting a rehearing. Special attention given to Interference Cases before the Patent Office, Extensions before Congress, Infringement Suits in different States, and all litigation appertaining to Inventions or Patents. SEND STAMP FOR PAMPHLET OF SIXTY PAGES.

United States Courts and Departments.

Claims prosecuted in the Supreme Court of the United States, Court of Claims, Court of Commissioners of Alabama Claims, Southern Claims Commission, and all classes of war claims before the Executive Departments.

Arrears of Pay and Bounty.

OFFICERS, SOLDIERS and SAILORS of the late WAR, or their heirs, are in many cases entitled to money from the Government, of which they have no knowledge. Write full history of service, and state amount of pay and bounty received. Enclose stamp, and a full reply, after examination, will be given you free.

Pensions.

All OFFICERS, SOLDIERS and SAILORS wounded, ruptured, or injured in the late war, however slightly, can obtain a pension, many now receiving pensions are entitled to an *increase*. Send stamp and information will be furnished free

United States General Land Office.

Contested Land Cases, Private Land Claims, Mining, Pre-emption and Homestead Cases, prosecuted before the General Land Office and Department of the Interior.

Old Bounty Land Warrants.

The last Report of the Commissioner of the General Land Office shows 2,807,500 acres of Bounty Land Warrants outstanding. These were issued under act of 1855 and prior acts. We pay cash for them. Send by registered letter. Where assignments are imperfect we give instructions to perfect them.

Each department of our business is conducted in a separate bureau, under the charge of experienced lawyers and clerks.
By reason of error or fraud many attorneys are suspended from practice before the Pension and other offices each year. Claimants, whose attorneys have been thus suspended, will be gratuitously furnished with full information and proper papers on application to us.
As we charge no fee unless successful, stamps for return postage should be sent us.
Liberal arrangements made with attorneys in all classes of business.
Address GILMORE & CO.,
P. O. Box 44. *Washington, D. C.*

WASHINGTON, D. C., *November 24, 1876.*
I take pleasure in expressing my entire confidence in the *responsibility* and *fidelity* of the Law, Patent and Collection House of GILMORE & CO., of this city.
GEO. H. B. WHITE.
(*Cashier of the National Metropolitan Bank.*)

ESTABLISHED 1832.
ODESSA WAGON WORKS.

Constantly on hand a large stock of well-seasoned material.

PLOWS,
AND
PLOW CASTINGS.
Wholesale & Retail.
HECKENDORN, MOORE, CONCAVE, WILEY, ETC.
Harrows, Cultivators, Rollers,
AND
Farming Implements Generally,
AT
REDUCED PRICES.
Sole manufacturers for this State of the
PIONEER STUMP PULLER.
Agents for Keller's Patent, "The Best"
Grain Seed & Phosphate Drill.
ALSO,
"The Best" Grain & Hay Rake.
L. V. ASPRIL & SON,
ODESSA, DELAWARE.

N. B.—Repairing done with neatness and dispatch. feb 17-tf

THOMAS MASSEY, Jr,
CLOCK
And Watch Maker,
Main Street, next door to National Hotel
Middletown, Delaware

CLOCKS, Watches, Jewelry, &c. neatly and promptly repared.
Always on hand and for sale, Clocks, Watches, Plated Ware, Forks, Spoons, Silver Napkin Rings, Silver Thimbles, Salt, Sugar and Tea Spoons, Butter Knives, Gold Breast-Pins, Ear-Rings, Finger-Rings, Sleeve Buttons, Watch Chains, Watch Keys, Key Rings, Steel Watch Chains, &c.
AGENT FOR
DeVINNY'S SPECTACLES.

Independent in everything! Neutral in Nothing!

OPPOSED TO ALL CORRUPT RINGS IN MUNICIPAL, STATE AND NATIONAL AFFAIRS!

The Times.
A FIRST-CLASS MORNING NEWSPAPER.

Is published every morning, Sundays excepted, and delivered in the City of Philadelphia and surrounding Cities, Villages and Towns, for TWELVE CENTS PER WEEK, payable to the carriers. It contains all the News of the Day, including the

Associated Press Telegrams,
Special Telegrams
And Correspondence

from all points of interest, full and accurate Local Reports, and Fearless Editorial Discussions of all current topics. It is a first-class newspaper in every respect.

ADVERTISEMENTS
Are tastefully and attractively displayed.

The circulation of "THE TIMES" is much larger than that of any other daily paper in this City or State, with the single exception of the Ledger, and is constantly increasing.

JOB PRINTING
Of Every Description
NEATLY EXECUTED AT THIS OFFICE.

Dry Goods, Groceries, Etc.

TO THE PUBLIC.

THE subscriber would call the attention of the public to the large and well-selected
Stock of Goods,
CONSISTING IN PART OF
Dry Goods, Notions,
GROCERIES,
BOOTS AND SHOES,
HATS, HARDWARE,
Queensware, Wood and Willow Ware
Earthen and Stone Ware,
FISH, MEATS, &c
AND EVERYTHING USUALLY KEPT IN A
First Class Country Store.

All of which have been selected with care, and will be sold
At Prices in accordance with the times.
GIVE US A CALL BEFORE PURCHASING ELSEWHERE

NO CHARGE FOR SHOWING GOODS.

CHAS. TATMAN, Jr.,
MIDDLETOWN, DEL.
Jan 1, 1876—tf

NEW STORE

AND

New Goods

AT

M. L. HARDCASTLE'S
CHEAP CASH STORE.
Lockwood's Corner.

I would call the attention of the public in general to the large line of CHEAP GOODS which I have just received from the city, consisting of

Dry Goods, Notions,
Boots, Shoes,
Hats, Caps, Queensware, Hardware,
Groceries,
Provisions,
Tobacco, Segars, Etc.

I will be pleased to have you call and examine my stock before purchasing elsewhere, as I am satisfied that I can offer great inducements.

Highest price paid for Country Produce.

M. L HARDCASTLE,
LOCKWOOD'S CORNER.
july 21-1y Middletown, Del.

NAUDAIN'S
POPULAR CORNER.
THE HEADQUARTERS FOR
CHEAP GOODS

G. W. W. NAUDAIN,

DEALER IN
GENERAL MERCHANDISE!

Keeps constantly on hand a full and complete assortment of
All kinds of Goods
usually kept in a first-class and well regulated COUNTRY STRORE.
For Cash We Sell Very Cheap!
The cheapest line of
Boots and Shoes
for Men and Boys, Ladies and Children in Middletown. aug 18-tf.

Reciprocity Shirt!

ALL MADE,
WITH EXCEPTION OF THE BUTTON HOLES
Made of Wamsutta Muslin and 2100 Heavy Linen!

We feel confident that we are giving intrinsically
THE CHEAPEST,
BEST MADE and BEST FITTING SHIRT
THAT HAS EVER BEEN OFFERED FOR $1.25.

The RECIPROCITY SHIRT is superior to most of shirts, first-class, (so-called) for the following reasons:
Our Collar Bands are Linen, and are Three Ply.
Our Cuffs are Linen, and are Three Ply.
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Our Back Facings are both upper and under; made wide, giving Strength and finish.
To the people that have been accustomed to buy materials for shirts, and have them made up at home, we particularly call to their notice our RECIPROCITY SHIRT. All made but the button holes, and only $1 25 each, at
J. P. DOUGHTEN'S,
No. 410 Market Street.

J. W. HAYES,
Carter and Drayman,
MIDDLETOWN, DEL.

The subscriber respectfully informs the citizens of Middletown and vicinity that he is prepared with excellent Horses, Wagons and Carts to do all kinds of Hauling at the lowest rates that can be obtained.
Coal always on hand, and 2240 lbs. to the ton, guaranteed; carefully kept from the weather, and free from dirt and slate.
Special attention given to the hauling of Lumber, and Building Sand always on hand.
All orders for Baggage, or other parcels, left with Foard & Comegys, L. G. Vandegrift, next door to the Post Office, or with L. B. Lee, will receive prompt attention. Baggage delivered day or night. The public will do well to give me a call. J. W. HAYES,
Sept. 15-6m Middletown, Del.

Poultry, Calves & Game.

Highest cash price paid for Poultry, Calves and Game, of all kinds, on Mondays, Wednesday and Thursday, until 3 o'clock, P. M. Highest cash price paid for Eggs. Office opposite Depot, Middletown, Del.
ap7-tf DeBOIS & GRISCOM.

Grain, Lumber, Feed, &c.

J. B. FOARD. WM. A. COMEGYS

FOARD & COMEGYS,

Grain Commission Merchants,

AND WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN

COAL,

Lime, Fertilizers,

Agricultural Implements.

The highest cash price paid for Grain on the Delaware Railroad and Connections Also, on adjacent waters.

Sole agents for the
Champion Mowing & Reaping Machine.
Also, Agents for the sale of
John Kennedy's Lime.
by rail or water, at lowest rates. feb 17-tf

ISAAC JONES, Jr.,

GRAIN DEALER,

Middletown, Delaware.

AGENT FOR
Wm. Lea & Sons,
BRANDYWINE MILLS.

Highest Market Price
PAID FOR GRAIN
On Chesapeake and Delaware Waters
OR ON DELAWARE R. R.
And its Connections.
AND WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALER IN
COAL LIME. FLOUR,
FEED, SEEDS,
FERTILIZERS,
Agricultural Implements, &c.

Best Lehigh and Schuylkill anthracite and Cumberland bituminous Coals on hand at all times.
Jan 1, 1876-tf.

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TOWNSEND, DEL.,
DEALER IN
GRAIN, LIME, COAL & FERTILIZERS.

The HIGHEST MARKET PRICE PAID FOR GRAIN ON RAILROAD OR WATER.

Agent for the sale of WM. B. RAMBO'S
SCHUYLKILL LIME,
Also Agent for the sale of J. H. MARVEL'S
Celebrated BERRY CRATES and BASKETS,
Peach Baskets & Crates,
which will be sold on reasonable terms.

60,000 MICHIGAN SHINGLES
FOR SALE CHEAP.
May19-6m

JOSEPH HANSON,
COMMISSION MERCHANT,
And General Dealer in
Coal, Plaster, Fertilizers, &c.,
MIDDLETOWN, DEL.

RAMBO'S Celebrated Lime delivered at any station on the Delaware Railroad or its connections, or by water, at reasonable rates. Other Limes furnished upon request.
Coal furnished at the following prices, on board cars, at Mt. Pleasant, Armstrong's, and Middletown: Stove, $5 07; Egg and Broken, $4 92; Chestnut, $4 69. Thirty-five cents per ton will be charged extra for delivering the coal in Middletown. oct20-4m

SELECT SCHOOL.

MIDDLETOWN, DEL.,
For Girls and Young Children.

The school year begins on September 21st, and closes June 24th, and is divided into two sessions. Pupils will be received at any time during the year and charged from date of entrance. No deduction made for absence or withdrawal, excepting cases of protracted illness.

TERMS PER SESSION, IN ADVANCE;
Including use of books, fuel and stationery.

Tuition in English	Senior Course.	$32
	Junior,	22
	Primary Course,	11
Music,		20
French,		11

Bills rendered the middle of each session.
All applications to be made to
MISS TILGHMAN,
Middletown, Del.

REFERENCES:
Rt. Rev. Henry C. Lay, Easton, Md.
Hon. P. F. Thomas, " "
Rev. Chas. Spencer, New Castle, Del.
Dr. Geo